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BY JAMES G. HASSON,

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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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OF THE CORRECT STYLES OF FINE CLOTHING

We are now ready with the Finest and Handsomest line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing ever shown in Altoona. These goods have been manufactured for us by the best wholesale Merchant Tailors in this country, and they comprise all the

LATEST NOVELTIES AND FABRICS OF THE SEASON,

Clay Worsteds, Tricots, Wood Browns, Whipcords, Black Cheviot, Cassimeres and everything new and late in the line of Suitings, made up in Sacques, Cutaways and Prince Alberts, and at prices that will defy competition. Also, a large line of Spring Neckwear, Hats and Caps of the Latest Shapes and Styles.

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Largest Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher, 1118 Eleventh Ave., ALTOONA, PA.

M. B. DENNY, Salesman.

TREASURER'S SALE

—OF—

Seated and Unseated Lands and Lots

—IN—

Cambria County,

A. D. 1892.

I, CHAS. J. MAYER, Treasurer of Cambria county, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly of said Commonwealth directing the time and manner of selling unseated lands for taxes, do hereby give notice that the following tracts of unseated land and lots of ground in said county of Cambria, or such parts thereof as may be necessary to pay arrearages of taxes due thereon for one year or more, will be offered for sale at the Court House in Ebensburg, [illegible], on the SECOND MONDAY, being the

13TH DAY OF JUNE NEXT,

and continue by adjournment from day to day until the whole be sold for such arrearages of taxes and costs necessarily accruing thereon:

Unseated Lands.—1890 and 1891.

Acres.	P'r's.	Names of Owners or Warrantees.	Taxes and Costs.
		Adams Township.	
440		John Anderson	$ 128 67
439		[illegible]	[illegible]
440		Valentine Heiter	128 67
118	50	Martin M'Donald	76 19
120	11	Same	33 57
		Samuel Calvin	
433	10	Robt. Ross	128 44
800		[illegible]	218 [illegible]
236		Same	69 1[illegible]
217		Same	66 88
125		Same	39 21
400		Henry Rice	124 30
400		Ferdinand Gordon	121 30
401		Jacob Clement	123 25
259		Jno. Williams-Smith Carr	81 77
50		H. P. Storm	[illegible]
81		Thos. Smith, part	25 89
400		H. M. Neal	[illegible]
202		A. Nesbit	62 80
		E. L. Anderson, heirs	
400		John Dwyer	128 60
150		Geo. W. Vickroy	23 99
		Barr Township.	
140		Michael Snyder	32 00
100		John Thomas	16 25
14		Owen D. Williams	2 05
		Fred. & Geo. Snyder	
108		Thomas Edwards, part	29 20
		Blacklick Township.	
50		Gabriel Baring (Snyder)	6 71
39		Samuel Reese	5 48
39		James Fisher	5 48
		[illegible] Township.	
[illegible]		William Linton	8 47
[illegible]		Jos. I. Evans & Co.	8 73
[illegible]		O'Donnell, Kerr & Barker	13 22
		Carroll Township.	
[illegible]		John Weber	9 62
		Clearfield Township.	
[illegible]		Samuel Calvin	8 80
[illegible]		One-half interest of Shaw & Test	36 64
[illegible]		One-half interest of Shaw & Test	17 56
[illegible]		J. H. Fiske and S. S. Blair	51 58
[illegible]		Condron & Herriman	51 58
[illegible]		James Condron	377 80
[illegible]		Martin Thomas et Jacob	56 48
		Croyle Township.	
[illegible]		John Stiffler	3 67
		Chest Township.	
[illegible]	106	James Roth	168 05
[illegible]		Elder, Lotz & White	
[illegible]		Wm. Parker	53 01
[illegible]	151	Henry Philips	73 99
[illegible]	157	Simon Walker	52 02
[illegible]		Daniel C. Carson	24 39
		Dean Township.	
[illegible]		Bell & Blair	55 10
[illegible]		John Mears	7 74
[illegible]		John Fisher	109 48
[illegible]		John Harrison	118 82
[illegible]		[illegible] Brotherline	60 92
[illegible]		Same	25 94
[illegible]		Thos. Patterson (Andy Gray-[illegible])	74 27
[illegible]		[illegible] Kelly	25 94
[illegible]		Patrick Sash	25 94
[illegible]		James Harris	23 02
[illegible]		[illegible] Harris	71 88
		[illegible] and [illegible] Barclay	
[illegible]		Wm. Barton	25 94
[illegible]		Frekie Farmer	25 94
[illegible]		Wm. Tilley	22 23
[illegible]		Jesse Roth	59 78
		Ruth McConnell heirs	
[illegible]		Lewis Rott	
[illegible]		James Bryson	41 77
		C. G. Wiltz et al	18 42
[illegible]	142	James Jones	73 28
		James Condron	
[illegible]		Harris Wolf	15 42
[illegible]		Henry Wolf	66 75
[illegible]		Henry Davis	24 16
[illegible]		Jacob Hargis	28 29
[illegible]		Joseph Irwin	29 23
[illegible]		James Jones	22 90
[illegible]		James Condron	4 39
		Elder Township.	
50		Joseph Thomas	42 05
		Gallitzin Township.	
80		Mary Hammer	36 54
40		James Condron (Ashland independent school district)	58 28
		Jackson Township.	
100		Wm. H. Sechler	
46		John [illegible]	12 43
288		Thomas White	[illegible]
440		Thomas Vickroy	63 29
50		Wise & Brother	35 34
94		Wm. H. Sechler	8 27
160		John McFeaters	10 56
122		Peter Bishop	13 64
		[illegible] and [illegible] T. L. Weers	6 29
		Portage Township.	
200		Frederick Hunter	49 52
200		Samuel Hinton	49 52
439		Geo. Gutwald	78 66
130		H. & C. Zeller	26 69
90		Wm. T. McConnell	9 24
180		Jno. C. Sm[illegible] estate	13 61
70		Thos. McConnell estate	14 53
950		John and James Kinports	181 22
		Reade Township.	
244		Geo. D. Morgan	
433	7	P. & A. Flynn	42 71
140		Patrick Hoveland	38 84
174		John Barron	24 73
200	108	Thos. Sanborn	30 95
100		Davis Jackson	30 81
10		Henry Kepple	26 48
		J. H. Fisge	15 77
180		Wm. P. Walker	
100		Samuel Heggerty	156 38
[illegible]		W. H. Woods	26 48
9		James L. Gwin	40 30
95		John Hollen	4 88
		B. F. Bell	24 26
130		E. G. Ackers and E. G. Bobb	
110		Wilson Hunt, part	11 74
72		Ebenezer Branham, part	9 70
		Jere Jackson, part	6 76
		Summerhill Township.	
[illegible]	80	Jacob Nagle	146 34
[illegible]	80	Henry Woods	146 34
[illegible]	80	James Dalton	146 34
[illegible]	80	James Searight	146 34
[illegible]		Wm. Smith, D. D., part	24 40
		Mitchell, Fiude & Palmer being two-thirds interest	46 57
		Stonycreek Township.	
[illegible]		Lewis Plitz	2 25
[illegible]		L. H. Cohick	15 82
		Susquehanna Township.	
160		Jno. Thomas	37 03
		West Taylor Township.	
9		Sechler & Peelor	4 68
		Washington Township.	
292		Simon Roon	30 38
280		Sechler & C. & K.	35 05
30		Geo. A. Buchanan	15 15
50		Sophia Hurd	8 66
53		H. S. Smith & Co.	7 48
252		Samuel Rees	21 86
100		Geo. Hamilton, part	8 93
		White Township.	
302		Simon Walker	71 24
327		Henry Philips	77 17
		Chas. Ranstead	
449		Alex. Brown	105 77
594		Thomas Brown	142 73
402		Wm. Harris	94 73
429		John Harris	101 09
523		James Reed	123 05
		White, Lewis & White	
456		Thos. Sanburn	107 03
179	33	Simon Walker	40 36
385		Henry Philips	90 74
		James McClay	
500		Samuel Calvin	117 68
118		One-half interest of Shaw & Krebbs	12 15
		Jno. C. Gates	
50		Fred. Moreneaux	22 31
545		James Stephenson	383 78
85		Wallace & Krebbs	25 52
10		Matthew Cowan	4 35
		Lower Yoder Township.	
260		Johnson heirs	12 13
224		Joseph Gates	5 72
50		Joseph Gates	1 68
100		James P. McConahey	4 98
103		Ellen Zeck	9 46
61	80	Jackson St. Clair	3 28

Seated Lands and Lots—1889 and 1890.

A.	H.	L.		Taxes and Costs.
			Adams Township.	
202			Patrick McCullough & Co.	$ 46 88
306			Same	48 14
			M. L. and John Griffin mill	8 94
	1	1	Mrs. Cath. Rankin	8 38
	1	1	C. C. Hussey	7 58
39			Daniel Murphy	3 54
	1	1	C. F. Knox	9 17
124			John H. Kring	10 86
81			Adam Fulmer	2 60
30			Same	95
50			B. F. Bell	4 50
			Ashville Borough.	
		1	John Burgoon	3 19
		1	Albert Fick	2 58
		3	Samuel Gill	14 80
		1	James McMullen	2 93
		1	J. C. McMullen	1 54
		1	John Adams	1 03
		1	Edward Dunnegan	1 03
		1	Charles Prescott	1 30
		2	Charles Borange	2 55
		1	John Hubbard	1 03
		1	Less McMullen	1 53
		1	James Maloney	1 03
			Allegheny Township.	
90			Spendly & Co., M. R., of H. Becher	12 80
31			Spendly & Co., M. R., of Wm. Gallaher	4 51
90			Spendley & Co., M. R., of H. Gallagher estate	12 80
72			James Biter	6 17
			Barr Township.	
100			H. J. Boland estate	9 35
70			Joseph Gardner	5 86
41			Wm. Williams	9 59
39			Wm. Jackson	6 07
15			J. McDonald	4 21
60			Joseph Glan	4 44
3			Wm. D. Keith	84
46			Vincent Baum estate	2 09
29			A. F. Jackson	1 76
			Blacklick Township.	
130			Blacklick Navigation Co.	29 73
123			Same	27 62
10			Benjamin Gilpatrick	2 02
10			Sarah E. Makin	1 00
105			Lawrence Wyland	15 48
190			Same, M. R.	8 56
130			Stoneback & Martin	16 13
40			John Foust	4 42
100			Richard Selders estate	15 16
			Cambria Township.	
100			David E. Davis	16 63
138			Jones & Lloyd	6 52
100			James B. Young	4 08
4½			Same	1 40
69			Andrew Dishart	5 78
97			Jno. Murray	7 39
40			Geo. S'melsburger	1 80
54			Geo. Berkey and mill	3 29
32			C. H. Kemp	4 03
5½			S. Reed	2 08
6			Mary E. Tibbott	90
117			Paul J. Long	4 00
			Carrolltown Borough.	
	1	3	Bernard Karl	5 41
			Carroll Township.	
4			Samuel Kelly	1 10
40			Reuben Newman	2 90
			Chest Township.	
100			S. E. Burns	40 26
72			P. & A. Flynn, Mineral	15 51
98			Jno. Gates & Bro., Mineral	13 58
50			Samuel Gill	10 89
40			Same	7 38
85			Gray & Wyland	10 95
3			Daniel Klice	2 81
69			Martin Spangler, Mineral	5 67
57			Albert Rohs	3 39
			Clearfield Township.	
	1	1	James McKenzie	3 65
20			T. W. Nagle	1 80
109			Lewis & H. McMullen	23 27
1		2	August Moyer estate	1 55
45			Vincent Tonkin	8 26
			Conemaugh Township.	
	1	½	Samuel Page	4 08
			A. J. Haws' Fire Clay Bank	3 20
5			Jno. Park estate	2 30
		1	Nicholas Keilar	66
	1	1	Samuel A. Brown	3 69
130			Jno. Egan	5 40
	1	1	Michael Carl	3 80
	1	1	James Dorsey	2 40
		1	Mrs. Jennie Custer	77
		1	Albert Geiselhart	73
3			Griffith & Davis	1 94
		1	Jos. Harropp	74
		1	Savilla Lang	68
	1	1	Henry Otto	2 18
	1	1	Henry Schmith	2 18
			Chest Springs Borough.	
	1	1	Wm. Jones	2 87
		2	Mrs. Ella McCoy	82
¼	1	2	Cath. McGuire	3 02
	1	2	Elizabeth Watt	2 87
			Croyle Township.	
150			Cambria Coal & Iron Co.	84 66
		2	Andrew Bradley	1 13
157			Joseph Burkhart, M. R.	17 20
			Haywood & Hill, coal bank	48 14
2	2		George Penrod	1 76
7			B. F. Ruff	4 50
		1	Arthur Finnegan	66
53			Geo. C. Fisher	4 00
	1	1	Jno. Moore	1 70
			Dean Township.	
27			Thos. Kays	1 36
113			Lloyd, Wright & Co., M. R.	5 84
53			D. G. Myers	9 56
75			Thomas Griffith estate	8 90
300			Abe Louden	38 30
86			Irvin Brothers, Mineral	7 94
21			Same	2 32
70			Same	6 54
100			Same	18 46
270			Same	28 01
118			Same	17 23
100			Same	9 15
			East Taylor Township.	
		1	J. H. Clark	1 69
		1	Mrs. Lydia Heffman	2 75
	1	2	Joseph Burkhart	9 04
	1	1	James G. Findley	5 33
	1	2	Samuel Page	2 75
			Jno. Meegan, coal and lime bank	2 28
		1	Wm. Johns	70
		½	Richard O'Neill	70
80			Hannah Reighard	12 94
			Wm. Reighard	2 74
		1	Chas. W. Brown	2 08
	1	1	Mary Donahoe	4 38
		1	Frank Gatzell	2 08
		1	W. J. Williams	2 08
			Elder Township.	
85			Chas. Bradley & Co.	2 455
		1	Thomas M. Estep	90
67			Dr. Good	28 58
30			Gray & Wyland, M. R.	7 37
30			Same, Timber	2 00
		1	J. W. Hayle	1 15
41			E. W. Ervin, M. R.	9 04
102			Same, Mineral	21 18
100			Jno. Tubbs	13 10
70			Same	9 33
		1	H. C. Wadley	1 15
		1	Sol Wartelsky	1 15
		1	Anthony Miller	75
		1	J. M. Yearick	90
100			A. C. Hopkins	37 25
		1	Wm. Scanlan	75
		2	Chas. Lang	1 28
			Franklin Borough.	
		1	Thos. McCann estate	2 75
		1	Christ Horner estate	55
			Gallitzin Township.	
278			Wm. Decker	25 52
			Hastings Borough.	
	1	1	Wm. A. Brown	2 05
		2	J. K. Charles	3 66
		1	H. O. Hoffer	1 30
		1	J. W. Moore	1 74
		1	Same	1 54
		1	Anthony Miller	1 29
1			Dennis McCartney	3 27
	1	1	John McCartney	4 75
		1	James M. Gowan	1 29
		1	A. Nelson	1 54
		1	Thomas Rickert	1 74
		1	Wm. Scanlan	1 29
		1	Wm. Wampole	1 74
		1	J. M. Yearick	1 29
			Jackson Township.	
60			James D. Adams	7 95
100			M. S. Bush	3 30
3			Elizabeth Dishong	69
2			David Paul, mill	94
41			Jeremiah Pergin	7 45
3			John A. Rager, mill	1 32
176			Isaac Bowser	5 06
50			Paul Conner	3 00
150			Michael McMahon	4 05
100			Patrick McCabe	3 50
96			Jno. Lloyd	5 40
51			Geo. Rager	4 70
32			Geo. B. Kummell	2 25
100			A. W. Zeigler	6 10
40			Jacob Funk	6 88
			Johnstown, Fifth Ward.	
		½	D. J. McLaughlin	4 44
			Johnstown, Seventh Ward.	
		1	James Backe	1 28
		1	Ida A. Burrell	1 28
		1	Jno. Boyle	1 28
		1	Stephen Campbell	1 28
		½	Hiram Cozzens	90
		½	Margaret Cozzens	90
		1	John Crull	1 70
		2	Mrs. L. Dudley	2 08
		1	James Eversole	1 28
	1	1	R. J. Edwards	2 90
		2	John B. Green	2 08
		1	Henry Goughnour	2 08
		1	H. J. Gibbes	1 28
		1	M. Grant	1 28
		1	Maria Grove	1 28
		1	Emma Ginter	1 28
		1	G. J. Hammer	1 29
		2	M. R. Hoops	2 08
		1	John Hochstine	1 29
		1	John Hines	1 29
		1	J. Hochstine	1 29
		1	Sanford Hetzell	1 28
		1	Mrs. Holirvia	1 28
		1	Mrs. Rose Hockins	1 29
		1	N. J. Haggart	1 29
		1	William Hile	1 28
		1	D. M. & L. K. Hayes	1 29
		1	Sarah and T. O. Harris	1 29
		1	Samuel Ingram	1 28
		1	W. H. Jones	1 29
		1	Mary H. Martin	1 94
		1	Merill Francis	2 08
		1	Maggie J. Metzgar	1 29
	1	1	Benj. Macon	2 48
		1	Lizzie McCalligan	1 29
		1	A. B. McDaniel	1 29
		1	Mary J. Miller	1 29
		1	W. Kroberick	1 29
		1	Joseph Mulvehill	1 29
		1	McHay & Rodgers	1 29
		1	A. Mencher	1 29
		1	James Marron	1 29
		1	Ed. Noble, Jr.	1 29
		1	N. B. Nestler	1 29
		1	Morgan O'Brien	1 14
		1	W. S. O'Brien	1 14
	1	1	John Park estate	8 38
1½			Same	5 23
	1	1	Wm. Pugh	2 30
		½	D. L. Rankin	1 53
		1	John Rutter	1 28
		1	Robert Russelberger	1 28
		1	Ida A. Russell	1 29
		2	Geo. T. Reesy	2 08
		1	James W. Rose	1 29
		1	C. A. & J. W. Rose	1 29
		1	Geo. W. Stult	1 95
		1	Chas. Sanders	1 45
		1	W. H. Sanders	1 14
		2	J. W. & I. G. Stormer	1 29
	1	1	Chas. Sheets	2 63
		1	J. M. Stiger	1 29
		1	Samuel Stineman	1 29
		1	E. B. Schrum	1 29
		1	Taylor & Co.	1 61
		1½	D. C. Williams	1 53
		2	James Williams	2 08
		1	Jerry B. Wilber	1 28
		2	Peter Wartz	2 08
		1	L. A. Williams	1 28
		1	Geo. Wisser	1 29
		1	Mary Young	1 29
			Johnstown, Eleventh Ward.	
		½	Cath Goss	1 45
		½	Jno. W. Stult	1 45
			Lilly Borough.	
		2	W. R. Frazer	92
		2	W. H. Sechler	82
			Munster Township.	
100			Samuel Calvin	27 64
59			Moses Lett	15 21
42			M. M. McHugh	3 15
100			John C. Noel	27 64
			Portage Township.	
		1	Joseph Borkey estate	1 60
		1	Mrs. E. Griffith	1 60
72			Patrick McCrossin	14 67
2			Cath. Parrish	3 84
			Reade Township.	
600			Ephraim Burkett	75 50
753			Edward Bell heirs	113 10
418			Blair & Packer	103 96
52			Same	13 28
102			Same	25 63
113			Same	83 00
162			Same	40 57
433			Same	107 13
431			Same	109 06
32			Same	8 76
4			Same	1 48
530			Rev. A. K. Bell	52 76
	1	3	Geo. T. Beers	18 33
50			Jos. Frye estate	15 00
	1	1	S. I. Fries	15 85
	1	1	John L. Gill	5 07
45			Samuel Hagerty, Mineral	4 74
24			Same, Mineral	6 35
49			Same, Mineral	2 83
333			Hamilton & Co.	38 50
	1		Ben Hess	6 90
100			Annie F. E. Kirsland, Mineral	21 13
465			Chas. Ranstead	94 68
70			W. F. Walker	26 96
217			S. M. Woodek, part of P. Such	71 82
217			Same, part of P. Kelly	71 82
116			Same, part of M. Wells	39 18
25			Joseph Tidie	1 30
45			Jno. C. Gates	2 96
80			Same	16 80
16			David D. Dillen	2 82
7			Dillen heirs	1 59
67			Isaac Edmiston	3 58
30			Geo. W. Gallaher	10 10
		3	John Flynn	2 08
50	1	1	J. F. Gallaher	9 95
	2	2	Susan Hollas	3 41
	1		Ben Hess	5 12
	1	1	J. H. Lute	3 70
	1	1	Lile Morrison	3 58
35			F. A. Shoemaker	5 89
79			Same	31 25
	1	1	Nancy Cree	1 25
	1	1	J. C. Bowman	1 75
35			Van Scoyoc, Mineral	2 75
			South Fork Borough.	
	1		J. W. Haywood	2 48
		1	Robert Bowen	95
		1	Thos. M. Jones	95
			Stonycreek Township.	
3			Ella K. Cover	4 50
		1	Richard Davis	90
3			John Dinehart	1 22
2			John Dibert	2 10
	1	1	A. Farabaugh	2 10
		1	Chas. Fisher	1 30
		1	Nancy Gardner	82
		1	Philip J. Gens	98
		1	Godfrey Hoffman	1 30
½	1		Frank Hendricks	2 10
		1	M. R. McAbee	70
		2	Eckhart Phile	1 14
		3	F. X. Sedelmire	1 22
1			Same	1 30
5			Maria Wyland	2 10
		2	John Wettermaugh	1 30
		1	Francis Seighman	90
		1	John Hines	90
		1	Jno. H. Horn	90
		1	Samuel Hetzell	90
1½			Frank Hess	1 17
234			Kring & Ellis	6 90
	1½		Evan E. Lloyd	1 10
		1	R. F. McConahey	90
		1	B. B. McConahey	90
		4	A. J. McLain	2 10
		1	John Now	90
		1	J. D. Rose	90
½			Jno. Rutter	90
		2	Jacob Averill	1 30
		2	August Stinen	90
		2	Jno. B. Green	1 30
		1	E. L. Mueler	90
		1	Samuel Ingram	90
			Summerhill Township.	
414			Thos. Donahoe	115 38
372			Chas. H. Gross	100 46
83			Same	27 28
83			Same	13 89
184			Same	18 65
350			Jere McGonigle estate	113 78
45			John Brown	11 35
20			Mary A. Evans	1 40
439			John Reilly	71 55
			Susquehanna Township.	
		1	J. R. Cordell	2 93
		1	J. K. Charles	5 36
102			J. & B. Douglass	26 82
		2	J. M. Estep	4 36
		1	Francis Kline	2 93
43			James Lamer	6 61
		1	P. P. Miller	6 34
		2	W. J. Moore	4 36
144			Dell Notely	53 96
294			Same, Mineral	110 02
60			Same, Mineral	22 83
50			Same, Mineral	19 12
19			P. S. O'Brien	9 68
	1	1	Mary Rishell	5 87
		1	J. M. Watt	2 53
50			Jno. Tubbs	5 50
		1	Mary C. Banan	1 30
50			John Westover	3 75
20			Stephen Wilson	2 12
			Tunnelhill Borough.	
		1	Mrs. Ann Glancy	82
		1	Michael Lynch	90
		1	Thos. McFadden estate	82
		1	Gallitzin Myers	1 06
		1	Thos. J. McCloskey	82
		1	Chas. Ward	82
½			Wm. C. Wolf	1 28
			Washington Township.	
8			Thos. Burns	1 80
42			Same, Mineral	6 49
58			H. J. Evans	3 58
	1	1	Everhart & Read	2 00
27			John Hamilton	3 48
78			Owen Inglesby	12 77
185			R. M. Lemmon estate	30 01
20			M. B. McLaughlin	2 08
			David McCoy, Mineral	7 34
200			M. A. McGonigle	10 00
80			J. L. Orr	6 84
	1	1	Mrs. J. O'Neill	3 64
40			Albert Hall	5 14
4			Ed. Dougherty	1 55
219			Standard Coal Co., Limited, M. R.	7 07
30			Gardner B. Morrow	2 00
12			H. J. Hopple	1 00
105			Dan. Kearney estate	2 58
248			Samuel Lemon	8 43
400			Same	10 10
60			Wm. Lilly	3 34
5			Same	70
160			David Wilhelm	3 70
	1	4	John Dunn	3 58
	1	2	John Kinney estate	3 40
5			Pat. O'Dowd	1 70
	1	1	Thos. Purdy	1 70
	1	1	Alex. Raab	4 04
		1	John Singer	97
	1		R. B. Westbrook	1 28
	1	1	Michael George	1 50
6			Henry J. Hopple	1 50
			West Taylor Township.	
15			Cyrus Hoffle	24 15
			White Township.	
10			Benj. Beers	2 00
13			Same	1 51
58			S. W. Byers	11 07
73			P. & A. Flynn, Mineral	4 62
25			Same, Mineral	2 63
73			Same, Mineral	5 72
50			Jos. I. Glass	14 71
100			Perry Troxell	24 54
1½			T. T. Williams	66
100			Augustine Hautt	2 90
50			J. M. Elliot	2 50
2			Amanda Chambers	92
50			Jno. G. Gill	3 50
42			D. A. Luther	2 34
100			C. C. & C. Coal & Coke Co.	13 38
50			Same	7 14
315			Same	51 48
	33		Same	85 48
13			M. D. Kittell	2 85
50			Shaw & Test	4 91
86			Same	8 08
40			Shaw & Krebbs, Mineral	3 96
140			Same	12 71
118			Same	10 76
100			Same	9 27
			Upper Yoder Township.	
		1	Mary Coburn	1 45
		1	Wilson Cramer	1 28
		5	Thos. J. Howe	4 42
		4	Cath. Hoffman	2 08
		1	Jno. D. Knox	1 45
		1½	Mrs. Flora S. Ortys	2 08
4½			Christ Slagle	4 05
		1	A. J. Bard	90
		½	Wm. Barnett	97
		1	Johanna Clark	1 13
		2	Jno. W. Kelly	1 28
		½	Adam Koch	97
		½	Christ Koch	97
		½	E. Peters	1 13
		1½	Jno. Wilkins	2 86
			Lower Yoder Township.	
		1	Albert Bear	5 89
		1	Rachel Clawson	2 08
		1	Rose Clawson	2 08
		1½	Mrs. Jno. Donnelly	1 28
	1	1½	Same	3 79
1¼			Hattie L. Davis	2 38
		1	Wm. Davis	3 66
		2	Frank Framokok	6 46
100			Peter Gardner	22 90
		1	Henry Heiner	4 88
		1	Aug. Lillia	7 68
		1	S. A. Luke	9 26
		2	Sarah C. Layton	2 39
31			Michael Mulvehill	6 68
		1	Chas. J. Pfiefer	9 26
		1	G. M. Thomas	3 66
		1	David Teeter	2 08
		1	Thos. Toner	9 26
		1	J. C. Ryan	2 08
		1	Wm. Sweeny	2 08
200			Bheam & Potts	8 90
		1	Wm. Mehan	2 80
		2	Wm. Owens	6 10
		3	Same	5 65
		1	Miles A. Smith	7 68
		1	Same	5 10
		1	Geo. Warley	7 68
		1	Jos. Wagner	3 30
13			Morrellville & Cambria Water Co.	8 90
		1	Russell Smith	4 70
		1	Ivor Thomas	3 30
	1	1	Johnstown St. R. R. Co.	4 10
		1	Samuel Lenhart	3 04
		1	Mary Nightingale	2 88
		1	Mrs. Barbara Albright	1 28
46			Isaac Culin	22 81
		1	Sylvester Davis	1 70
	1	1	Fred. Derkbeck	2 48
20			Chal L. Dick	3 88
	1	1	Stephen Fodge	2 48
	1	1	Jos. Hayzi	2 48
		2	Uriah Hulzett	4 88
		1	Grace E. Yoder	2 08
		1	Jno. Morrison	2 08
	1	1½	R. R. Tibbott	4 10
		2	G. W. Moses	2 88
		1	Abe Makin	4 88
		1	Thos. Mabylinko	2 48
		1	James L. Pett	3 79
	1	1	Stephen Patrock	3 26
	1	1½	Dennis Ruden	4 79
	1	1	Wm. Rager	4 43
	1	2	Israel Robertson	5 43
	1	1	Alb. Rott	5 43
		1	Findley Smith	2 08
		1	Lewis Smith	1 69
		1	Mrs. Lizzie Stevenson	3 04
		1	L. C. Temple	2 08
	1	1	D. A. Williams	4 44
	1	1	Nancy E. Wilson	2 48
		1	Joseph Mahaffey	1 69
		1	Bird & Poling	1 68
		2	Abe Blough	3 65
		2	Ignatius Kibler	1 40
		1	Mrs. Kate Kinley	2 60
		1	Louis Menhold	1 40
	1	½	Michael Ruder	3 85
		1	Jacob Smith	4 00
		1	Wm. Thompson	4 70
		1	Anthony Weiler	1 40
	1	½	Adam Miller	3 30
		1	John Spangler	1 40
	1	1	Mary A. Krone	1 50
		1	Geo. E. Lingle	1 50
	½	½	Jno. Leib	2 00

C. J. MAYER,
Treasurer of Cambria county.
Treasurer's office, March 31, 1892.

Happy and content is a bride with "The Rochester;" she lives in the light of the morning. *To learn more, write Rochester Lamp Co. New York.*

THE FREEMAN is the largest paper in North-Cambria. Don't forget it.

THE COMING MAN.

A pair of very chubby legs
Encased in scarlet hose;
A pair of little stubby boots
With rather doubtful toes;
A little kilt, a little coat
Cut as a mother can—
And lo! before us stands in state
The future's "coming man."

His eyes, perchance, will read the stars
And search their unknown ways;
Perchance the human heart and soul
Will open to their gaze;
Perchance their keen and flashing glance
Will be a nation's light—
Those eyes that now are wistful bent
On some "big fellow's" kite.

Those hands—those busy little hands—
So sticky, small and brown;
Those hands whose only mission seems
To pull all order down—
Who knows what hidden strength may be
Secreted in their clasp,
Though now 'tis but a taffy stick
In sturdy hold they grasp!

Ah! blessings on those little hands,
Whose work is yet undone!
And blessings on those little feet
Whose race is yet unrun!
And blessings on the little brain
That has not learned to plan!
Whate'er the future holds in store,
God bless the "coming man."

—Somerville Journal.

HARRIET CLARKSON.

She Waited, and Her True Lover Came at Last.

Mrs. Clarkson only smiled. She was given to only smiling, anyway, whenever her daughter set her head on one side and let fall some wise little decision from her ever-busy brain. So, as Miss Harriet leaned forward and complacently surveyed the tips of her new slippers as she said: "I wish that I had a lover; I'm sure that I could manage one," the mother took another stitch in the dainty cambric and remarked: "There is plenty of time yet, Harriet mine."

Harriet started up in such haste that the little chair was set violently rocking. Going to the mantel, she raised her pretty arms above her brown head and contentedly studied the fresh, young face in the mirror.

"Well," she laughed softly in the midst of a faint yawn, "I'm dreadfully anxious for him to come. I'm tired of this do-nothing life!"

"Let him come when he may, and let us pray that he come in joy and peace," was the quiet rejoinder.

That had been less than a month ago, and now Harriet stood before the same mirror; but it was a different face that the glass pictured now—a perplexed brow, a scornful lip, and yet a mist of pity struggling to the gentle gray eyes. A schoolboy's note was the cause of it all—a little hastily scrawled note, but hot with an untrained passion. And its frank despair was what hurt her most.

"I know that you cannot forgive me, but I can't keep from it. I have tried, but I am not strong enough to beat it back. It is burning me up, Harriet, even if I am a boy. I think that this will make a man of me. At least, it will put a man's heart in me."

Harriet read it over and over, and each time there rose before her a vision of an honest young face and tears lying in the eyes hardly dry as yet from the grief over the lost ball. Mrs. Clarkson said never a word, for she knew that the confession would come in good time. At last Harriet tossed her the note, and, throwing herself on the couch, she buried her face in the soft pillows and sobbed.

"Oh, why did I ever want a lover? And why did he do it? I knew that he liked me, but I never dreamed of his loving me."

Mrs. Clarkson read the poor little note with a sigh; then, drawing the brown head to her shoulder, she said: "I, too, am sorry from the bottom of my heart. But he and you are only the instruments of fate. Every boy some time in his boyhood loses his heart to a woman older than himself. It is his first love and his first great sorrow. It does put a man's heart in him. But he gets over it—that is, the sting is gone—but he always remembers it, for the first love is the sweetest. This is your first lover, and he has not come in joy and peace. Be a woman and deal gently with him."

Harriet dried her eyes as she went to her desk. But womanhood seemed to have suddenly opened within her, and she was surprised at her own gentleness. Women are both womanly strong and womanly weak, and the tender, almost motherly note that she wrote in reply was an example of the first, while the big, round tear which splashed unexpectedly on the address was only a betrayal of the latter.

And so Harriet, in her twentieth year, cried over her first lover and sent him away.

Four years went by. The curls had become a little more controllable, and a sweet dignity had begun to soften the old-time girlish joys. It was the day before her graduation, as she was hurrying through the hall on her way to the library, when Prof. Palmer appeared before her. A little paroxysm of pain seemed to go over his sweet, old face, as he hesitated. A puzzled light gleamed in Harriet's eyes, for she did not understand why his face should pale.

"Miss Clarkson," he at last said, "if you have time I should like to see you in my office a moment."

She followed him wonderingly, and yet half in dread, but it was not till he had held open the door for her to pass, in that stately, elegant old style of his, that he said:

"I fear it is wrong, but I cannot help it. I cannot let you go away without telling you that I love you. I know that I am selfish, but I am not so old, after all—only sixty-five." And unconsciously a deep pleading crept into his soft, old voice, and his trembling hands clasped.

Again a mighty pity filled her heart. How she loved the kind, old man, with his handsome head and wide-opening heart! And yet, not at all as a husband, but as an instructor, an adviser, a friend, whose gentle concern had done so much toward making her college life a success. Her lips trembled as she faltered:

"Dr. Palmer, I am truly sorry. I cannot be thankful enough, either, for I am not worthy of such a rich love as yours. But I shall be frank. I do not love you and I never can love you as you wish."

He sank into a chair at his desk, while already a calm resignation had begun to steal over his features.

"I see, you are right. It was wicked for a man of my age to wish to possess so young and beautiful a woman as you."

Harriet remonstrated at this, but he only said:

"No, go now, and forgive the weakness of an old man."

His head fell forward on his arms, and Harriet waited only long enough to reverently press her lips to the snowy hair. Then she glided swiftly out with her hands pressed tightly to her throbbing temples, murmuring:

"I once thought that it was a woman's hour of triumph when a man told her of his love."

So Harriet wept over her second love and turned from him.

However, no one dreamed how her heart ached as she was saying good-by to a group of schoolmates, when the handsome young Grant Conway took her hand, with the same ease and pure friendliness — nothing more, nothing less—as the rest. A traveling veil hid a very pale, tear-stained face as the train drew away from the little college town, but twenty-four is an age at which woman is strong, and none of them guessed.

They marveled, though, as two, three years stole by, and still she held all men back. It was her fault entirely that she was not married, for her quiet sweetness had a certain air of guarding about it which barred them from the critical point.

Twenty-seven! Her birthday to-morrow, and twenty-seven! She tried to smile as she leaned toward her mirror and noted the gray hairs beginning to be hinted over her temples, but some way she found instead that the whole image was suddenly blurred. Turning, she dropped on her knees and buried her head in her pillows. There it was all thought over—the boy and the old man and the others, noble and true men, too, who might have loved her if she had let them. She did not choose a lonely existence; on the contrary, she shuddered at the narrow, one-sided life that she was living. But still there rose before her that handsome, proud face which she loved better than all the world, and she could not forget it. She had seen him twice since they had left school, and he had been gracefully pleasant with her, but then he was just as cordial with some of his other old-time friends, and his open, frank attention made poor Harriet's heart bleed more than cold indifference would have done.

Why did she cherish such an empty longing? Why could she not forget as did the boy, whose three romping sons she had fondled the other day? Why, yes, why could not she even be like dear Dr. Palmer, whose grave had grown all sweet with fresh grasses and white pansies that very spring? And as she murmured over again the little prayer whose pure simplicity she had never outgrown, her "Now I lay me down to sleep," became almost a pleading for the sleep which blesses us forever and forever.

The next day passed uneventfully; the usual amount of presents and well-wishes, but still its sadness filled her heart to overflowing. Life had become sorely serious to her—would it ever become sorely useless?

It was after nine, and fortunately the last caller had left early, when Nora appeared at the door and muttered, as was her custom, an unintelligible name. Harriet turned mechanically, for she was weary, but the form advancing from the hall made her catch her breath. How handsome he was! But she quickly recovered herself, and tried to smile as she held out her hand.

"I am glad to see you, Mr. Conway."

"Yes, thank you, Harriet."

Harriet! His air of confidence startled her and yet overpowered her. So, when he went on, calmly holding her hand with a gentle, though not passionate pressure, she could only wait.

"Harriet, I have come for you at last. Has the waiting been long?"

Come for her? She could only tremble, at which he smiled quietly and calmly continued:

"I could not speak to you sooner, for I had not my life settled. Now I am certain as to my future and I have come for you."

Not a word about love, not a question, not a sign of fear on his part! And this was the way that she was to be wooed—she whom all the entreaties and avowals of youth and age could not affect. Yet she wavered. She was angry with her pride because it did not come to her aid, and yet she could not even withdraw her hand. He saw, he evidently understood, for he quietly took her other hand, hanging passively at her side, and smilingly repeated:

"I have come for you, Harriet."

What should she do? Or, better, what could she do? Nothing, but stand there till her lips began to quiver and the tears welled up in her searching gray eyes. Then the man of the world—this man who knew so well his power—bent down and kissed once her upturned face, and laughed:

"There, Harriet, don't cry. It is only a man who has come for his wife."

Even the caress, though, like all his actions, the quintessence of gracefulness, only half fed the starved heart. The long, lonely years of loving and longing won at last, and she bowed her head and sobbed.

"Don't you—love me—even a little?"

Then he gathered her up in his arms and said in a low, hurt tone:

"Did you think that I could ever marry a woman whom I did not love more than all else of this life?"

Thus the last lover had come, the least passionate, the one who had caused the most sorrow, and the one who had filled her past years with bitter longing. And this was the one of them all that she chose. But, then, women are mysteries, and maybe to no one so much as to themselves.—Chicago News.

FACTS FOR THE RAILROADER.

A LOCOMOTIVE'S strength equals nine hundred horses.

IN England locomotives have neither bells, headlights nor "cow-catchers."

THE longest railway bridge span in America is that at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., which is 548 feet.

STEEL smokestacks are being placed upon the locomotives of the elevated railroads in New York city, thus reducing the weight from eight hundred to about one hundred pounds.

THE number of passengers carried on Egyptian railways in the year 1890 was 4,696,286, as against 4,378,453 in 1889, being an increase of 317,833. The number of miles of line open in 1890 was 960, as compared with 948 in 1889.

ON AN ICE FLOE.

The Experience of an Ivory-Hunter in the Far North.

Years ago, in northeastern Siberia, I made the acquaintance of a Russian who had been a member of an expedition sent out by a commercial company to collect the tusks of mammoths from the Liakhov islands, in the Arctic ocean. The Liakhov islands lie off the north coast of Siberia, and are so far in the arctic regions that they are destitute of vegetation, with the exception of a few lichens and mosses. In ages gone by they must have been much warmer than at present, as they were covered with forests, in which the mammoth roamed at will. He was in such numbers that the collection of his tusks has been a profitable industry for a long time past. The tusks are found embedded in the frozen earth, or are cast up from the depths of the ocean by the waves during the severe storms in summer.

"We reached the islands without much difficulty," said my Russian friend, "and gathered a good stock of ivory that had been cast up by the sea. In a cliff of frozen earth that had broken off since the previous season, I found a tusk solidly embedded, and it took me two or three hours to chop it free. There was a great satisfaction in discovering it, not only because it was a valuable 'find' from a commercial point of view, but because I was bringing to light something that had been concealed for a period variously estimated from ten thousand to twenty-one thousand years. The ivory is not as good as that from Africa, where it is taken from the elephant killed on the spot. It is whiter and more brittle from its long exposure to frosts, but it is a very good article for many purposes.

"When we were ready to go back again to the mainland we found that a storm had broken up the ice for a considerable part of the way where we had found a firm road only a little while before; there were many lanes of open water where we would need boats to ferry us over, if no other means of transit could be found. The sea was full of great hummocks and floes—in fact, there was a great deal of ice to a small quantity of water, as one looked at it from the shore.

"As the passage under such circumstances would be very dangerous for our dog sledges, we decided to wait until the frost had closed the lanes of water and restored the road to a passable condition. So we returned to the work of hunting for ivory, and found three or four tusks; as we already had as much as we could undertake to carry with safety, we concealed our latest finds where we thought they would be safe until the following year. The islands are visited very rarely, and there was little likelihood that our ivory would be disturbed.

"The weather grew much colder in a few days, and the frost closed the open water as we had hoped and expected. One of our men went out several miles on the ice, and, as his report was favorable, we started on our return to the coast. We could not travel fast, except on the young ice, as the old ice was very rough, and much of the way we were obliged to chop down the hummocks and otherwise smooth the way for the dogs and sledges. A mile an hour was a good average for us as long as we were in the hummocky ice; when we found young ice recently frozen, we went along at the best speed of the dogs, as they seemed to enjoy getting over the road rapidly wherever they could so.

"The days were long and the nights short; in fact, there was very little night, and had it been earlier in the season we should have found the daylight continuous. We halted occasionally to rest ourselves and the dogs, and, of course, we halted during the nights, or from ten o'clock until two, when the sun rose. Unfortunately for us, on the second day the wind rose with the sun, and very soon it blew a gale.

"The effect of the wind upon the ice was alarming. We were tossed almost as though we had been in boats on the water, and the cracking and crashing of the ice was deafening. Great fissures opened in all directions, and we found ourselves on a cake perhaps a quarter of a mile long by one-half that width. As long as the cake held together we were in no immediate danger, but if the wind continued it was very likely that our refuge would be destroyed. Far as we could see was a mass of mingled ice and water, tossing and heaving with the effect of the high wind.

"While we were considering what we should do, there was a crash almost at our feet, and the ice floe on which we stood was broken into a dozen cakes. We had three dog teams and a driver to each team, and when the crash came two of the teams were on one cake of ice, while the third was upon another. The drivers were Tungusian natives, and had passed their whole lives in the arctic circle, and all had previously made the trip to the Liakhov islands. Though they had passed through many adventures and perils, they had never been in a place of such great danger as they now found themselves.

"You may think they deserted their teams and tried to find safety for themselves; they did nothing of the kind, but stuck manfully to the animals, though it is possible they did so through a belief that the dogs would be a help rather than an incumbrance in bringing them to a place of safety.

"There were three Russians of us, and each of us accompanied one of the dog teams and directed its movements, though the control of the dogs was left to the drivers. When the ice floe broke up I found myself alone with my team and its driver, and the cake on which my friends were was drifting rapidly away from us, through the influence of the wind and the currents that prevail in all parts of the Arctic ocean.

"To the south of us was some ice that seemed to be quite firm and of considerable extent, and I shouted to my friends to try to reach it. We decided that the only way to do so was to swim the dogs through the water, first throwing away all the ivory which we could not hope to save. The sledge, relieved of the weight of the ivory, would easily float, and we could cling to it, and thus have something to support us.

"We threw off the ivory from the sledges, and just as we were getting ready to take to the water I observed that the course of our floes had changed and they were drifting the way we wanted to go. The wind had chopped round to the north and was acting in our favor, and what was also noticeable, it was less violent than before, though considerably colder.

"While I was shouting to my friends and telling them what to do the ice gave way beneath me and I was thrown into the water. A fragment was broken away from my floe in some way that I could not understand, and it was on this fragment that I was standing at the time. With the help of my driver I clambered out, but had much difficulty in doing so, as the ice at the edge of the floe was very slippery, and both the driver and myself were encumbered with the thick clothing that is necessary in those high latitudes.

"Quite exhausted with my exertions I sat down to rest with my back against a small hummock, as one stops by the wayside and leans against a milestone or a friendly wall. I was chilled almost to freezing, the north wind was very cold, and I knew that I must remain only a moment where I was lest the low temperature should render me insensible. Meantime the water was draining from my clothing and I was getting breath after my severe exertion.

"The edge of the floe struck against the larger body of solid ice. The dogs seemed to realize the necessity of taking advantage of the situation, as they darted at full speed from the smaller floe to the firm ice with the first word of their driver. I had often admired their intelligence; they would cross thin ice at a full gallop, not giving it time to yield beneath them, where a slower rate of speed would have certainly caused them to break through; and I had seen them jump over fissures two or three feet in width and drag the sledge after them as though dogs and sledge were but one. In the present instance they made a single bound in clearing the space that separated them from the firm ice, and when they reached a place of safety they stopped as though at the word of command.

"I sat leaning against the hummock, watching the dogs and drivers at their work. While my team was getting to the firm ice my friends were following its example, their ice floe having taken the same course as my own. When all were over they shouted for me to join them, and I tried to rise. I made the effort, and found that I could not move, but for the moment was not aware of the cause. Again my friends called to me, and added the alarming information that the floe had been caught by an undercurrent and was drifting away from the firm ice.

"'Run for your life!' said one of the party. 'The floe is drifting away!'

"Again I tried to rise, but could not. My strength had fairly returned, and I knew it was not weakness that held me back. Another effort, and I realized my situation.

"I was frozen fast to the floe!

"I tried to shout the cause of my remaining where I was, but the words stuck in my throat. I could hear the voices of my companions growing more and more faint in the distance as I drifted away from them. Suddenly it grew dark, and then—I remembered nothing more, save an effort to undo the clothing that held me fast, but it was impossible to turn or move so as to secure my release. My hands lay at my side as my limbs were held fast in the icy bonds. It was impossible even to make a signal. A statue could not have been more immovable than I was, nor less capable of making known its condition.

"The darkness that came over me was the darkness of a swoon, from which I did not wake for hours. Two of our faithful Tungusians came to my relief, ferrying themselves across the open water upon a cake of ice. They cut me loose from the ice that held me, and then, as no time was to be lost, they ferried my insensible body over with them to where my anxious friends were standing.

"They stripped me, and rubbed my body with spirits and oil, which we always carry on the sledges for just such emergencies. For an hour and more I gave little signs of life, but finally I was able to speak, and some of the spirits was poured down my throat. This helped to revive me, and in a few hours I was all right again, though terribly stiff and sore from my immersion in the water. They wanted to place me on one of the sledges, but I insisted upon walking, as I knew the exertion would prevent a return of the chill. In a few hours we reached the shore and fell in with a band of wandering Tungusians, who supplied me with dry clothing and plenty of food. We told them about our adventure and where we had left the ivory; several of them started to find it, and by great good luck they secured two of the tusks and brought them away."—Thomas W. Knox, in N. Y. Ledger.

TELEGRAPHIC SIGNALS.

Amateur Operators Are Too Ready to Jump at Conclusions.

Persons familiar with the telegraph alphabetical characters can converse with one another at short range without the aid of telegraph instruments. One person can make the characters with the fingers on the hand or arm of another, and carry on rapid conversation. Another way is to place the blade of a table knife between the tines of a fork and make the characters by moving the blade up and down. Still another way, but one requiring considerable practice to become proficient, is to make the characters by opening and closing the eyes. A gentleman and his wife, both having an expert knowledge of telegraphy, were at dinner in an up-town hotel; their son, a young man of about twenty, who flatters himself that he has mastered the art, joined them. As he sat down the mother looked admiringly at her boy, and with her eyes, in the way described, communicated to her husband the words: "Rather fine!" meaning, of course, that she was pleased with her son's personal appearance. Master Herbert's proficiency was not sufficient to enable him to catch the words, and he raised the point that conversing in that way in the presence of other people is as great a breach of etiquette as whispering; whereupon his mother said: "Why, I am perfectly willing you should know what I said;" and picking up knife and fork began to repeat the words. She only got as far as "r-a-t-" when the young man thought he knew what was coming, and shouted: "Rats!" Anticipating the words is a common fault with amateur telegraphers.—Providence Journal.

Cambria Freeman,

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - APRIL 29, 1892.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Congressman at Large.
GEORGE A. ALLEN, Erie.
THOMAS P. MERRITT, Berks.

For Supreme Judge.
CHRISTOPHER HEYDRICK, Venango.

For Electors at Large.
MORTIMER F. ELLIOTT, Tioga.
JNO. C. BULLITT, Philadelphia.
THOMAS B. KENNEDY, Franklin.
DAVID T. WILSON, Allegheny.

For District Electors.
Samuel G. Thompson,
Adam S. Conway,
W. Redwood Wright,
John O. James,
James Duffey,
S. W. Trimmer,
Azur Lathrop,
Thomas Chalfant,
P. H. Strubinger,
Joseph D. Orr,
Andrew A. Payton,
Michael Liebel,
J. K. P. Hall,
Clement R. Wainright,
Charles H. Lafferty,
George R. Guss,
William Molan,
Charles D. Breck,
Samuel S. Leiby,
F. C. Hipple,
W. D. Hummelright,
H. B. Piper,
Charles A. Fagan,
John D. Braden,
Thomas McDowell,

President Harrison has issued invitations to foreign nations to participate in an international conference on the subject of the larger use of silver as money.

The farmers of Iowa and Texas are greatly encouraged over the condition of the crop prospect this season, and from the present outlook a great crop of oats, wheat, and corn will be secured.

A desperate fight between United States authorities and a band of moonshiners took place as Big Bay, Ark., in Craighead county, in which one of the the moonshiners, T. C. Berryan was killed.

A. K. Craig, Congressman from the Fayette-Greene-Washington district, will shortly introduce a bill in Congress compelling all railroad companies to pension all people wounded or maimed on their lines. This bill will be fought by the railroad companies and its passage is by no means assured.

The British ship Imberhorne, from Rio Janeiro, is detained at the New York qurantine, for disinfection. She reports that her steward and one seaman were sent to the hospital at Rio, suffering with yellow fever, where both died. Eight seamen were down with the disease, after leaving Rio, but all recovered.

A party of cattlemen from Wyoming, hunting cattle thieves in Johnson Hole, the alleged rendezvous for all horse and cattle thieves for hundreds of miles, came upon the habitation of two parties known as Burnett and Spencer, and in their efforts to arrest them both Burnett and Spencer were killed, and it was found that they were in possession of over fifty stolen horses.

A Washington dispatch to the Philadelphia *Bulletin* says: "A letter is being prepared by some Republican Senators, some of them original Blaine men, and some who are friendly to Harrison, but who do not think now that he can be elected, suggesting to him, in as diplomatic manner as they can to make their meaning clear, that he retire from the candidacy for a renomination."

The Bureau of American Republics is informed that a new use has been found for bananas, which will greatly add to the value of the fruit. In several places in Central America flour is now being made from bananas, which, under chemical analysis, is found to contain more nutriment than rice, beans or corn. A manufactory on a large scale is being established at Port Limon, Costa Rica.

On Tuesday, Judge Finletter of Philadelphia imposed a sentence of forty years imprisonment upon Charles Elliott Purnell, a negro who committed a large number of recent robberies in Philadelphia and suburbs, among others the house of First Vice President Thompson, of the Pennsylvania railroad, at Merion, where he stole a $200 meerschaum pipe, which he pawned for 75 cents, and the residence of Miss Debonnville, South Sixteenth street.

The only states that have large salaries for their Governors are New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania which give their chief executives $10,000 annually. The salary of $6,000 prevails in California and Illinois. Seven states have salaries at $4,000; four states pay as little as $2,000, viz.: Delaware, Maine, Michigan, and New Hampshire, and two states, Oregon and Vermont, pay annually to each of their Governors the munificent sum of $1,500.

The harm done the country in general and the pension service in particular, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, by President Harrison in the appointment of Raum can only be atoned for by the prompt dismissal of that insolent and corrupt official. Raum has been conducting the pension department all along in the manner that would most quickly increase his own revenue, and of course this has been to the detriment of thousands of deserving pensioners and to the discredit of the administration. If Mr. Harrison's kicking machine is in any kind of working order he ought to give it an immediate job on Raum.

It is proposed by the state department, Washington, to send some interesting and precious exhibits to the World's fair. Among them will be the original Declaration of Independence, the articles of Federation, the famous protest of the Philadelphia Carpenters' company to King George III, and other documents that are the heirlooms of the country itself and part of our national history. The originals of these great instruments of writing will be shown. They will be conveyed to Chicago in steel caskets of unusual strength and will be guarded enroute and at the fair by a company of soldiers.

The protected industries at the beginning of this presidential campaign, says the Philadelphia *Herald*, are not in a good shape to be used by the high tariff advocates in pointing the moral and adorning the tale of the beneficence of McKinleyism. The industrial slump has been general since the passage of the McKinley bill, but in no branch of manufacture has there been a greater stagnation than that which has overtaken the protected iron industry of Pennsylvania. Furnaces and mills that were operated during the whole time of Cleveland's administration have either been shut down entirely, or have had their operations curtailed. Wages have been cut in nearly all that have been kept running.

During the past eighteen months we have had frequent occasion to enumerate instances of these industrial misfortunes. They occurred in all parts of the state, but confining present observation to a limited district of Eastern Pennsylvania, we see within the last two weeks 1000 men laid off by the Phoenix Iron Company, at Phoenixville, on account of stagnation in their line of production. The industrial prosperity that was to attend the passage of the McKinley bill does not seem to have reached that branch of industry that has Phoenixville for its location. It would have appeared to have given other points in the Schuylkill Valley the go-by, if that may be inferred from such circumstances as the announcement of the Reading Iron Company that it will make a general reduction, ranging from 5 to 10 per cent., in the wages of all its employes; the indefinite shutting down, during the past week of the Seyfert rolling mills near Reading, throwing 350 men out of employment; the reduction, week before last, of 25 cents per ton in the wages of puddlers in McIlvain & Sons' boiler plate, mill at Reading, and a similar reduction of wages by the Brooks Iron Company at Birdsboro. The McKinley benefit seems also to have shirked the Lebanon Valley, if we are to judge from the fact that the employes in the Pennsylvania Nut and Bolt Works at Lebanon, and in the Lebanon rolling mills, have had their wages cut within the last two weeks. That the McKinley blessing has not smiled upon the Lehigh Valley to any appreciable extent of benignancy, is clearly indicated by the recent swamping of the Lehigh Iron Company, with debts amounting to over 200,000, and by the preparation that is being made to reduce wages in the furnaces and rolling mills at Allentown, Catasauqua and Slatington.

Sure enough, the situation is not favorable for the monopoly tariff advocates to enter a presidential campaign with the argument that the McKinley tariff must be maintained for the benefit of the manufacturing industries.

Secretary Harrity has addressed the following to the county commissioners of the state: "I think it proper to request that you call the particular attention of the chairman of county committee, and of others who may be in a position to give information upon the subject, to the importance of exercising great care in the matter of certifying nominations to the state department, as well as in certifying nominations to county commissioners and township auditors. The certifications of some nominations of legislative candidates already made discloses the fact that sufficient care has not been taken by those whose duty it has been to certify such nomination. If errors in certificates are not avoided confusion and trouble will ensue. Instructions sent by you to the chairman of county committees and others connected with political organizations, will be of great benefit in preventing errors in certifications. In this connection I venture to suggest that copies of the official form of certification should be sent out with such instructions."

A Washington dispatch on Monday says: Ex-Secretary and now Senator William C. Vilas of Wisconsin who was a member of ex-President Cleveland's cabinet, is appealing to Mr. Cleveland's friends to stop the May Democratic convention in New York at all hazards and he will go to New York next week to impress his view on the situation on the bolting Democrats. He is quoted as having said:

"It is no longer a question between Cleveland and Hill. We all know that Mr. Hill is out of the race, but although the sentiment over the country is overwhelmingly in favor of Cleveland's nomination, he cannot be nominated after a bolting convention of his friends in the Empire state has been held. The discontinuance of the May convention will bring peace and harmony, and Cleveland, if nominated, may get the support of all the Democratic factions of the state. There is a feeling throughout the west that Mr. Cleveland would not receive the support of the Hill people, no matter what happens, and that the May convention instead of promoting his success will be fatal to it."

In an editorial article in the St. Louis *Republic* Congressman Wilson of West Virginia says: "The revenue from duties on wool and on woolen goods during the last fiscal year was over, $40,000,000, which was more than one-fifth part of our entire customs revenue, and more than one-ninth part of our entire revenue from taxation. There is only one subject of taxation that is more fruitful, and that is spirituous liquors." Such taxation is the grossest possible violation of sound principles. It is a most onerous tax on one of the prime necessities of life, a tax which bears most heavily on the poor, and from which no man, woman or child can escape. By the manner of its imposition it compels the people to pay not only the $40,000,000 which goes to the government, but a much greater sum which goes to the domestic producers of woolen goods who are "protected" in advancing prices by the heavy taxes of the McKinley law.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C. April 23, 1892. Mr. Harrison appears to have been brought to a realizing sense of his situation by the speech of Senator Teller, of Colorado, charging him with using his official influence to control the votes of the Representatives and Senators on the silver question, and with being allied with the money bags of Wall street against the interest of the people, for since that speech was delivered he has stated positively that unless something should occur to bring about a change in his mind he would not be a candidate for a second term.

This decision was not, however, altogether due to Mr. Teller's speech. The fact that he cannot positively be elected if he is nominated has been thrust upon Mr. Harrison from all quarters recently and he has at last realized that it is true. Platt and Warner Miller both agree that he cannot carry New York; Quay and Cameron admit that his nomination would have no chance of carrying his own state; men who know have told him that it was doubtful whether he could carry a single one of the Pacific States, and all Republicans expect to lose several of the northwestern States. Is it any wonder that with this outlook he became discouraged and concluded to withdraw while he could do so with dignity?

The administration having made a fizzle of its attempt to negotiate a reciprocity treaty with Mexico the House committee on Foreign Affairs, believing that "geographical location, similarity of institutions, and community of commercial interests would seem to justify every reasonable effort to promote close trade relations," has reported favorably a resolution providing for an international commission, three members to be appointed by each Government, to negotiate a reciprocity treaty.

The House committee on Reform in the Civil Service has already begun work on the the investigation of the charges of violations of the law by Federal officials in Baltimore, made by Civil Service Commissioner Roosevelt authorized by the resolution adopted by the House this week. It will study the report made by Post Office inspectors (if Mr. Harrison will give it up) which contradicts that made by Roosevelt and published last year.

Roosevelt is understood to be preparing another report that willl be sensational in its charges of violations of the law by Federal officials in Chicago, inasmuch as it will attack the Republican National committee for having sent an ex-Congressman to Chicago to collect campaign funds from office holders.

The question of whether the votes of those Senators who supported Mr. Kyle's amendment striking the words "in gold coin of the United States" out of the bill to amend the Arizona funding act of 1890, and inserting in lieu of them the words "in lawful money of the United States," commits them to the free coinage of silver, is an interesting one, and it is being much discussed here. If it does, Senator Hill is a free coinage man, as he voted for the amendment, which was adopted by a vote of 28 to 21. Senator Daniel, of Virginia, said while the amendment was being discussed in the Senate: "The silver question is not going to down at any man's bidding or at any party's bidding. There is a majority in both Houses of Congress for the free coinage of silver if no alien or subtle influences are exercised on members." Some take the ground that this vote has no bearing whatever on the silver question, but only indicates that the 28 Senators who voted for the amendment are opposed to the enactment of any law recognizing only a single standard of value.

Representative Springer's bill for an international monetary conference, which is considered to be a very important measure, has been referred by the committee on Foreign Affairs to a subcommittee consisting of Representatives Rayner, of Maryland; Hookea, of Mississippi; and Harner of Pennsylvania.

Deficiencies in appropriations made by the billion dollar Congress are still being reported to the House. A letter was received from the Department of Justice this week, asking that $1,629,568 be appropriated on that account for it.

No Democrat having the welfare of his party at heart could look with any other feeling than regret upon the squabble of the Democratic members of the House, this week, over the report of the Election committee in the contested election case of Noyes against Rockwell.

Virginia has a big delegation here working for the appropriation for the international Naval Review next year.

An investigation has been made by an official of the department of Justice of the charges made by Assistant Secretary Nettleton against Superintendent Owen, but Secretary Foster is out of town and it is not known whether it is the usual white-wash or not. M.

A Physician Foully Murdered.

Wilmington, Del., April 25.—Dr. J. H. Hill, of Millington, Md., received a professional call to Massey Cross Roads at a late hour Saturday night. Yesterday morning his wife found his team at the stable with her husband's body jammed in between the shafts and front axle and his throat cut from ear to ear.

Inspection of the wheel tracks showed that the vehicle had been intercepted between Millington and Massey's and turned homeward. Nothing is known of the murderers. Several months ago a colored man came to his death apparently from a blow on the head received in some disturbance at Millington, but his assailants escaped conviction through testimony that the colored man's injuries were not sufficient to have caused death. There was some talk among negroes at the time that a white man would have to suffer before justice could be obtained. Dr. Hill was a young man and the physician to the Queen Anne & Kent Railroad.

The People Will Lose.

Boston, April 25.—The advance to be ordered in the price of sugar by the American Sugar Refining Company will amount to ½ cent per pound and will be made at the rate of ⅛ cent a pound in the next two weeks, beginning this week, and after that at the rate of ⅛ cent per pound a week, so that by the middle of next month the price of sugar will be ½ cent up. This increased price of the sugar trust will insure the payment of dividends. It will also broaden the margin of profit to wholesalers and thereby bind them still closer to the trust.

Action of the Pardon Beard

The Board of Pardons of Pennsylvania held an executive session last evening and agreed to recommend the pardon of Frank A. Shoff of Clearfield; Clark M. Eggleston of Allegheny, conspiracy; Joseph Reilly of Allegheny, larceny and aggravated assault and battery, two inindictments. William J. Brennen made a plea for pardon for Patrick Fitzpatrick of Allegheny. The cases of Fitzpatrick and Martin Reed, the Washington county murderers, were held under advisemen. Charles Hannon, of Allegheny, murder in the second degree, was refused a pardon.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Extravagance of Mud.

We have in the United States something like 16,000,000 of horses and mules above the age of 2 years upon our farms, and at the moderate estimate of 25 cents as the cost of feed and care of each of these animals, we see at a glance that the aggregate expense of maintaining them is about $4,000,000 per day. If, by a similarly moderate estimate, we say that they are kept in the stable in a condition of enforced idleness by the deep mud of spring and fall for a period averaging 20 days in each year, we may easily compute that the loss, in this respect alone, will amount to $80,000,000 per year, a sum sufficient to build 16,000 miles of excellent highway.

Of course, considering the great variety of conditions, and the consequent number of factors to be regarded, it is impossible by mathematical formula to compute the loss entailed on any community by the continued toleration of these dirt roads in their present condition; but the error in the result of any computation is more likely to show a loss smaller than actually exists, and in whatever way the matter be regarded it is certain that with the imposed burden of extra help and extra draft animals, loss of time, wear and tear of wagons and harness, the drawings of light loads, and the depreciated value of farm lands, we are pursuing a short-sighted policy in permitting the present system to continue. Besides the actual loss, which a moment's reflection will serve to show, we are gaining nothing and saving nothing in that great department of agricultural industry to which the condition of the dirt road is such marked importance.—*The Century.*

Alaska's Value to the United States.

At a comparatively insignificant expense to the Government we have learned more of Alaska's geography and topography, its people and its resources in twenty-five years than Russia learned or tried to learn in one hundred and twenty-six years of possession. Our people have drawn more money and products out of the country than the Russian people did, and our Government has received more revenue from the country than the Czar's treasury ever derived from the same source. For the twenty years preceding the year 1860 the gross receipts of the Russian-American Company from all sources in Alaska were about $11,000,000, out of which dividends were paid amounting to $1,500,000 and $2,250,000, to the Imperial Government in the shape of import duties on Chinese teas purchased with Alaskan furs. During the twenty years, from 1870 to 1890, we drew from Alaska products of various kinds to the value of over $60,000,000, while the United States Government received a cash value of over $6,000,000.

Panic in a Church.

Ft. Wayne, Ind., April 25.—At St. Mary's Catholic church, while the big edifice was filled almost to suffocation by a congregation attendant upon the ceremony of the first communion being conferred upon a large number of children, a panic occurred. The altar and the interior of the cathedral was profusely decorated with artificial flowers. A gust of wind disarranged a bunch of paper roses which blew against a lighted taper, and in an instant the whole front of the church was in flames. Children screamed, women fainted, and the whole congregation, panic-stricken, made a wild rush for the doors. Many were trampled under foot and a number were more or less seriously injured. The priests and cooler-headed among the men exerted every effort to calm the frightened congregation, and at last succeeded. The decorations were torn from their places as quickly as possible, but not before the priest and a number of his assistants were quite severely burned about the hands and arms.

Madison Walker Caught.

Huntingdon, Pa., April 24.—W. Madison Walker, the most notorious horse thief probably Pennsylvania has ever turned out, and for whose arrest large rewards have been standing for several months, was taken Saturday morning after a desperate struggle. His captors are two farmers named S. H. Lewis and T. S. Crownoveer, who caught him at his mother's residence in Miller township, this county.

Walker is about 45 years old, and has served eight terms in the Western penitentiary for horse stealing since the war. He is credited with having stolen in all thirty-two horses.

He is wanted at Coatesville, Pa., East Waterford, Pa., in Chester county and in Maryland and West Virginia. Walker got out of the penitentiary only a year ago, and ever since then he has been diligently prosecuting his trade of horse stealing. He was born in this county, where his aged mother still resides. He was surrendered to the authorities of Chester county to night and removed there at once.

A Legal Muddle.

St. Paul, Minn., April 24.—A special to the Pioneer Press from Grand Forks, N. D., says: It has been discovered that the state legislature made no provision whatever for the election of presidential electors, although a law was passed requiring them to meet at Bismark the second Monday in January to cast ballots. It is now to late, of course to provide for a legal election at the polls unless a special session of the legislature is held. A regular session of the legislature meets the first Tuesday in January, six days before the meeting of electors to be held.

The legislature can elect electors but the legislature may have a Democratic majority while the Republicans have a majority in the state or vice versa. It is suggested that an agreement be made by the party leaders and a form of voting for electors gone through in regular manner with the understanding that the legislature endorse the action of the people by electing electors. The question is a serious one.

—A little girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Peterson, of Plainfield, N. J., last Friday, which had five fingers and a thumb on each hand and six toes on each foot. This strange mark is hereditary in the Peterson family. The father of the child and two of his brothers were so marked. The child's grandfather and several granduncles were also similarly marked. The superfluous members were amputated.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—The Conemaugh set sail for Riga, Russia, from Philadelphia on Saturday with a cargo of six million pounds of breadstuffs, eighty-eight million pounds of rice, and other provisions for the famine sufferers.

—George M. Babbitt, an old recluse living at Mansfield, Mass., has been robbed of $24,000 in stocks and bonds which he had concealed in barrels and trunks and tomato cans about his house. His grandson, George V. Seward, eighteen years old, and Dr. J. M. Haine, have been arrested for the theft.

—Miss Mary Feeny was burned to death at her home near Monticello, Ill., on Saturday evening. She was out in the field burning cornstalks when her clothing caught fire. She started on a run for the house, and the wind, catching the flames, fanned them until she fell, burned to a crisp, dying in a short time in great agony.

—Roman Catholic circles in Philadelphia are excited over the rumors from abroad to the effect that Archbishop Ryan may be created a Cardinal at no distant day. Dispatches from Rome indicate that America is to be given another Cardinal, and the only three names suggested for the place are Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia; Corrigan, of New York, and Ireland, of St. Paul, Minn.

B. & B.

EVERY HOME

That this paper reaches is entitled to a copy of our

CATALOGUE & FASHION BOOK

And ought to have one. It contains much information about fabrics and modes—will save your money in your purchasing—and is to be had for the asking.

Some of the specials offered by this

Silk : Department

This week are—

New 20 inch Faille Francaisse, 75c.
New 21 inch Faille Francaisse, $1.00.
Both in assortment of about 53 choicest colors.

New 21 inch Crystal Bengalines, all colors, $1.25 and $1.50 a yard.
New 25 inch Black French Surahs, 75c.
New 21 inch Black Faille Francaisse, $1.00.
New 22 inch Black Crystal Bengalines, $1.25 to $2.50.
Above all the best obtainable for the money.

NEW SPRING

Dress Woolens

At 35c., 50c., 65c., 75c., 85c., $1.00, $1.25 in elegant assortments—values that will demonstrate at once that it is to your interest to trade with us.

Shall we send Samples or a Catalogue?

BOGGS & BUHL,

115, 117, 119 & 121 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

Of Valuable

REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of a Pluries Order of sale issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, the undersigned assignee of John McCormick and Lucinda P. McCormick, his wife, will expose to public sale at Horner's Hotel, in the borough of Wilmore, on

SATURDAY, MAY 28TH, 1892,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post and pointers, thence north 88 degrees east 140 perches to a post and pointers; thence south 2 degrees east 124 perches to a beech; thence 88 degrees west 140 perches to a post and pointers; thence north 2 degrees west 124 perches to the place of beginning containing 102 ACRES, 55 PERCHES and allowance. The Coal underlying this property will be offered for sale separate and apart from the surface thereof, with all the necessary mining privileges, the assignee, however, reserves the right to sell same as a whole, or of selling the coal separate and apart from the surface.

TERMS OF SALE:—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the confirmation of the sale and the remainder in two equal annual payments with interest, to be secured with bond and mortgage or judgment notes of purchasers. Purchasers to have the privilege of paying the whole of their bids in cash.

JESSE H. DIMOND,
Assignee of John and Lucinda P. McCormick.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the first and final account of J. J. Rhoddy, assignee of Peter U. Stoy.

And now, to wit, the 11th day of April, A. D. 1892, on motion of George M. Reade, Esq., Ed. T. McNeelis appointed auditor to distribute funds in hands of assignee to and among those legally entitled thereto.

Extract from the Record.

Notice is hereby given that I will sit for the purpose of said appointment at the office of Geo. M. Reade, Esq., in Ebensburg, Pa., on **Tuesday, the 24th day of May, A. D. 1892** at 10:30 o'clock, A. M. on said day when and where all parties interested may appear or forever be debarred from entering on said fund.

ED. T. M'NEELIS,
Auditor.
April 29, 1892.

TRIAL LIST.

List of causes set down for trial at a special term of court to be held May 23, 1892:

Gardner	vs.	Stevens.
Duncan	vs.	Duncan.
Bowman	vs.	Barnhart.
Murdock	vs.	McKelvey.
Farrish	vs.	McGough.
Ertle & Co	vs.	Walters.
Gallitzin Building & Loan Association	vs.	McNeil.
Gates	vs.	Flynn.
Gill	vs.	Gates.
Espy	vs.	Burkhard.

JAS. C. DARBY,
Proth'y's office, April 29, 1892. Prothonotary.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county auditor to distribute the fund in the hands of John W. Sharbaugh, assignee of Daniel Warner et ux., as shown by his account to and amongst those entitled thereto. I will sit in the Attorneys' Room, in the Court House, Ebensburg, Pa., on **Thursday, May 19, 1892**, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons may attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

H. H. MYERS,
Ebensburg, April 29, 1892. Auditor.

FOR SALE.

That desirable old hotel stand situated on Cor. Church and Tunnelhill streets, Tunnelhill borough, containing 13 rooms, with Stable. Also, house containing six rooms on adjoining lot. This property will be offered at public sale on **Wednesday, May 25, 1892**. Any person desiring further information can have same by communicating with J. F. McMorris, Box 848, Pittsburg, Pa. MRS. ELIZA M'MORRIS.
April 29, 1892 4t.

BALTZELLS'

FROM time to time we have have had many artistic window displays, but in point of beauty and material excellence of arrangement we do not hesitate to say that it is the handsomest ever seen in the city. Every article represents goods in stock of Japanese wares, with much besides that could not be displayed. Cups and saucers as thin as an egg shell, yet strong and serviceable and of great variety; also in vases and numerous parlor, dining room and toilet articles, of which the following is a partial list:

Cups and Saucers each....23, 27, 37, 87c., $1.29 and	$1 63
Bouillion Cups and Saucers	1 49
Teapots....13, 15 and	23
Tea Sets....97c., reduced from	1 19
Bowls....7c., reduced from	12
Cracker Jars, very pretty, $1.09, reduced from	[illegible]
Tall Vases, 24c., reduced from	29
Tooth Pick Holders....19c., reduced	24
Potpourri Jars....$1.25 and	1 69
Fish Dishes....$1.79 and	2 59
Vegetable Dishes....75c. to	1 09
Bon Bon Boxes....39c. and	79
Ash Receivers	19
Individual Bottles, per doz.	24
Umbrellas	[illegible]

The Japanese silks represented are 70c. to $1.00. Black and gold embroidered banners, 66c., reduced from 87c. and 45c. Also $1.03 to $1.37.

While in the basement you may as well look at other beautiful and cheap wares like the following:

Crystal Finger Bowls	15
Crystal Tumblers, very thin, per doz.	[illegible]
Decorated Pickle Dishes	23
" Bone Plates	12
" Covered Dishes	29
" Platters	24
" Ice Creams	49
" Bowls, 10c.; Butter Plates	24
" Dinner Sets	[illegible]

BALTZELLS',
Altoona.

OILS! OILS!

The Standard Oil Company, of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils,
Naphtha and Gasoline
That can be
MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the most

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

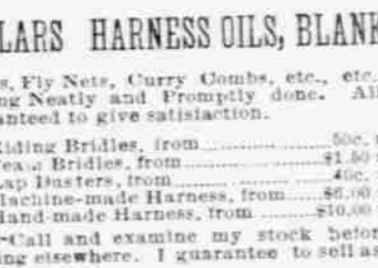
STANDARD OIL COMPANY,
PITTSBURG, PA.

oct18-89-1yr.

C. A. LANGBEIN,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

ALL KINDS of HARNESS,



SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS.
COLLARS HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,

Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Riding Bridles, from	50c. up.
Team Bridles, from	$1.50 up.
Lap Dusters, from	40c. up.
Machine-made Harness, from	$6.00 up.
Hand-made Harness, from	$10.00 up.

Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. I guarantee to sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Shop Barker's Row on Centre street.

apr129tf

JUST RECEIVED!

—A LARGE LOT—

Boots & Shoes

—BOUGHT AT—

Sheriff's Sale!

—FROM THE STOCK OF—

W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

The public invited to call. Prices away down.

JNO. LLOYD & SONS.

1794. 1891.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.

Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Nathan Gates, late of White township, in the county of Cambria, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement to

ISAIAH GATES,
Executor of Nathan Gates, deceased.
White Twp., Pa., March 25, 1882.6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary in the estate of John Douglass, late of Allegheny township, Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to me at once, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

W. A. B. LITTLE,
Executor of John Douglass, deceased.
Loretto, Pa., April 1, 1892.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testimentary on the estate of Sarah Mulhearn, late of the borough of Lilly, Cambria county, Pa., have been granted to me. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment to me at once, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ELLA SHORT,
Executrix of Sarah Mulhearn, deceased.
Lilly, Pa., April 22, 1892.6t.

S. HAMILTON,

91 and 93 Fifth Avenue, PITTSBURG,
HAS PUT
MUSIC IN THE AIR!

HAMILTON HEADQUARTERS FOR BAND INSTRUMENTS

WORKINGMEN AND TOILERS

Whether With Hands or Head,

TAKE THIS TO HEART.

ORGANIZE BRASS BANDS AND ORCHESTRAS

During the coming campaign you will easily earn

DOUBLE THE PRICE OF YOUR INVESTMENT,

Besides the pleasure you will have and the future profit. We have [illegible] for just such [illegible] enormous stock [illegible]

Instruments of Our Own Importation,

Direct from the great factories of the world and are guaranteed to be [illegible] choicest quality, but which we propose to sell at ONE PRICE [illegible] dlemen and small dealers' profit, but sold to you direct at IMPORTERS' [illegible] No matter what interested parties may try to make you believe [illegible] to

HEADQUARTERS FOR MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, BRASS BAND AND ORCHESTRA INSTRUMENTS AND TRIMMINGS.

Violins, Guitars, Mandolins, Banjos, Fifes, Cornets, Drums, Music [illegible] musical. Also the MATCHLESS DECKER BROS., HAINES BROS. [illegible] KNABE & CO. PIANOS, the world renowned BRILLIANT PIANOS [illegible] the ESTEY, and

STORY & CLARK ORGANS,

all of which you know leads the musical world in quality and [illegible] While we put the prices down to you at such rates and on such [illegible]

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT

As purchase of these elegant instruments within the reach of

Every Man Who Loves His Home and Children

You should have a Decker Bros. or Knabe or Haines, or Estey, or Story & Clark [illegible] instrument, instead of some cheap or unknown make. [illegible] Therefore have only one in the above named instruments. [illegible] remember that for either Pianos or Organs, Band and Orchestra Instruments, [illegible] will make to you the very lowest Single Price, Prices, and EASY [illegible] PAYMENT. Also remember to write direct to the house or call personally [illegible] salesrooms in the

Great Hamilton Building.

Everybody knows where the Hamilton Building is 91 & 93 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg.

P. S.—If you wish to call in the evening, just drop a postal card to S. Hamilton [illegible] you will call and the rooms will be kept open.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL!

We can now show you a Complete Assortment of Spring Goods consisting of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits, Hats, Shirts, Trunks and Valises, and everything usually kept in a First-Class Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Store.

OUR SPRING STOCK

have arrived and our stock is much larger and prices lower than ever before. We feel pleased with our new stock and would be glad to show it to you. Call and examine our stock and prices. We can and will save you money.

Respectfully Yours,
C. A. SHARBAUGH,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Eckenrode - & - Hoppel,

—DEALERS IN—

General .·. Merchandise,

CLOTHING, FLOUR, FEED,

Lumber and Shingles. We keep our Stock always Full and Complete. Give us a Call.

Eckenrode & Hoppel,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.

J. D. LUCAS & CO.,

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

In presenting this announcement we take great pride in calling attention to our present stock of goods. It will be our aim to sell nothing but the best of goods, and at the lowest possible cash price. We have received within the last few days several new things in Shoes and Gents' Furnishings, and have a large stock ordered which will be coming in as fast the factories can make them.

Inviting you to call and see our goods and get prices, we are

Yours Respectfully,
J. D. LUCAS & CO.,
Opposite Cambria House. EBENSBURG, PENNA.

"QUINN'S,"

New White Front Building, 113 Clinton Street, Johnstown, Pa.

New Stock of DRY GOODS, MILLINERY AND CARPETS. Call to see us when in town.

JAMES QUINN.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - APRIL 29, 1892.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—When in need of job work try the **FREEMAN**.

—Judge Harry White, of Indiana, was here on Wednesday.

Dr. H. Somerville, of Chest Springs, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Thursday.

—Mr. John B. Eger, of Washington township, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

—George Kneiss, a well-known citizen of Upper Yoder township, died on Tuesday last, aged 52 years.

—Mr. Thomas Wilt, of Clearfield township, spent a few hours in town on business on Thursday.

—Mr. W. E. Douglass, of Allegheny township, drove up and spent a few hours in Ebensburg on Wednesday.

—Mr. Ed Byrne, of Pittsburg, son of Mr. Henry Byrne, of this place paid his parents a visit for a few days last week.

—Mr. Thomas C. Boyd, time-clerk on the new railroad died at Carrolltown on Saturday. He was about 55 years of age.

—Nelson Brown, son of Mr. Joseph Brown, of the East ward dislocated his left arm on Sunday last by falling off a chair.

—Mr. John Glasser and wife, of Carrolltown, passed through town on Monday on their way home from a trip on the railroad.

—Theresa Lilly, daughter of Wm. Lilly, of Washington township, near Cresson died on Tuesday, April 26th, aged nine years.

—Mr. William Makin, whose house was burned on Monday, has moved into the house on the farm of Evan Bennett, deceased.

—Mr. H. O. Stoltz, one of Altoona's leading clothiers, passed through town on Monday on his way to Carrolltown to visit friends.

—John Warfel, Jr., died in Summerhill township on Tuesday, aged about 25 years. The deceased was unmarried. He was buried at New Germany.

Mr. E. B. Coswell, of this place, has rented his residence to a family from the city for the coming Summer and will remove during that time to Strongstown.

—Arthur Good, a Pennsylvania railroad brakeman, had two of his fingers so badly crushed while coupling cars at Conemaugh on Monday that they had to be amputated.

—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. K. Zahm went to attend the wedding of their grand-daughter Miss Anna, daughter of Mr. James B. Zahm, of Pittsburg, to Mr. John Love, of the same place.

—H. Clay Smith, ex-deputy sheriff and ex-county auditor of Bedford, has plead guilty to a charge of forgery and was sentenced to the penitentiary at hard labor for eighteen months.

—A young girl named Mahoney was crushed so badly that she will die, at Ben's creek, on Tuesday, while crawling under a freight car which started to move while she was under it.

—Assessors should bear in mind that the "June Assessment" must be completed on or before the 4th *Monday* in *May* and it will take them hustling in some of the districts to perform the work.

—The leather bags in the postal service are to be superseded entirely by seamless canvas bags with leather bottoms. Their weight is one-half less and the cost but little more. All the mail bags are manufactured in Rochester.

—The postoffice and store of P. A. McGough, Esq., at Fallen Timber, was burglarized on night last week and a small sum of money and some postage stamps taken. This is the second time within the past year that this office has been robbed.

—William Cowan, of Wilmore, died on Tuesday, aged about 80 years of age. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. Sylvester Crum, of Portage township, and Maggie, who lived with him. The remains were interred in Brothers cemetery near Wilmore.

—It is reported that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has purchased the Dubois estate in Clearfield county for $17,000,000. The tract purchased contains 28,000 acres, the greater part of which is underlaid with coal and nearly the whole tract is heavily timbered.

—M. D. Kittell, Esq., who accompanied his wife to Leavenworth, Kansas, last week on a visit to her sister who was dangerously ill, returned home on Tuesday evening. He reports the condition of his sister-in-law as being much improved, with fair hopes for her ultimate recovery.

—Messrs. T. B. O'Hara Michael Luther, and J. B. Denny, of this place, and Thomas Peach, of Loretto, went to the Blue Grass region in Kentucky on Tuesday, of last week and we will be disapointed if they don't return the owners of some fine specimens of horse flesh.

—The jewelry store of Isaac Wartelsky at Hastings was entered by burglars on Thursday night of last week and robbed of jewelry and watch movements valued at about $600. The midnight prowlers were unable to open the safe and the goods taken were what was left in the show cases on closing the store the previous evening.

—Charlie Miller, a ten-year-old Westmoreland county lad, was on Saturday attacked by a savage dog, which bit him five times through the right arm at and above the wrist and once through the thumb, and had it not been for the appearance of Joseph Eisaman, who fired several shots at the dog without effect, the brute would in all probability have killed the boy.

—The Metropolitan Theatre Company will give a series of entertainments at the Opera House for three nights commencing on Monday evening May 2nd. The Metropolitan is one of the oldest and best companies on the road and the amusement loving people of Ebensburg who attend will witness a first-class performance. Reserved seats for sale at James' Drug store.

—Mrs. Rose McGough has made two informations before Magistrate Bland against John Byrne, a hotel-keeper at Portage. In one information she charges Byrne with furnishing liquor to her minor son—Clement McGough—and in the other she charges him with furnishing intoxicating liquors to Thomas Donahue when he was visibly intoxicated. Warrants are out.—*Johnstown Tribune.*

—While Oscar Hennecamp and George Gore, of Johnstown, were out driving in Upper Yoder township, on Wednesday one of the wheels of their vehicle broke down when on the edge of a high embankment, which caused the wagon to overturn throwing the men out and dragging the horse over the embankment. The men escaped with a few scratches but the horse in falling struck a sappling and broke its neck, dying instantly.

—Mr. George H. Roberts, of this place, was driving up Julian street on Wednesday and in endeavoring to avoid the mud on one side he failed to notice an electric light pole on the other, which the hub of his buggy wheel struck. The buggy stopped, the horse went on and so did Mr. Roberts, over the dashboard when he stopped, luckily escaping any injury. A little damage to the harness, was the only result of the accident.

—Mr. Isaiah Gates, of Flinton, was in town for a few hours on Thursday.

—Mr. Fred B. Reininger, of Gallitzin, was a visitor to our office on Thursday.

—On Monday last the "borough fathers" appointed Scuyler C. Davis street commissioner and chief of police at a salary of $30 per month.

—Mr. William Mullen, an old citizen of White township, took his departure on Saturday last for a visit to Ireland, the land of his birth. He will stop a few days in Altoona visiting his daughter, Mrs. John H. Fiske, and then proceed to New York where he will take one of the "liners" to Liverpool.

—In a big fire in Philadelphia on Wednesday night originating in the Central Theatre, that building and several others including the Annex building of the Philadelphia *Times* were destroyed involving a loss of nearly a million dollars. A number of people were injured in escaping from the theatre.

—William Berkey, of South Fork, while out in the woods hunting bees on Monday last, fell about twenty feet from a tree dislocated his left hip, sprained his right arm, and fractured his lower jaw. He was taken to his home where he received medical attention and is doing as well as could be expected.

—Rev. Father Deasy and Mr. O. Wilkinson, of this place, went to Philadelphia on Monday, where the latter will superintend the erection of a handsome monument to the memory of Rev. Father Donovan, who died at Huntingdon several months ago. The monument is the work of Messrs. Wilkinson & Son, and like everything turned out by their establishment, is a handsome piece of work.

—The Prohibitionists of this county held their convention at Johnstown on Tuesday afternoon. The following ticket was nominated: Assembly, P. F. Custer, N. L. Berkepile; Prothonotary, W. A. McKee; Register and Recorder, W. S. Davis; Poor Director, Obadiah Reese. The following were elected delegates to the state convention: A. A. Barker, I. J. Hamcuff, I. N. Grisso, Jacob Gruber, J. P. Thompson, W. A. Stewart and S. Keibler.

—John Kelly, a Johnstown brick-layer, while stealing a ride from Pittsburg to Johnstown on Saturday last, jumped from the train as it was nearing the station at the latter place and received injuries from which he died on Sunday evening. His skull was fractured and notwithstanding Dr. John Lowman performed the operation of trephining, it was of no avail. Kelly came from Cleveland O., to Johnstown about five years ago.

—On Monday last there was a change in the livery firm of Richards & Reese in this place. Mr. John E. Reese retiring, his interest having been purchased by Sherman Tibbott and William Kimball and the business in the future will be conducted under the firm name of Richards, Tibbott & Kimball. The new firm will add to their stock a number of fine horses and vehicles and in a few days will have one of the best equipped livery stables to be found in the country.

—George Patrick, a Hungarian employed as a miner at Ben's Creek, was fatally hurt on Tuesday morning. He was standing on the bumper of a loaded car when some empty cars were shifted and struck the car upon which he was standing. He was thrown between the bumpers and had his left leg and right ankle badly crushed. He was taken to the Altoona hospital for treatment but on arriving there refused to have his limbs amputated. There is no prospect for his recovery.

—A Finlander, whose name we failed to learn was arrested at Carrolltown on Wednesday, suspected for being the party who robbed Fred Houck's store on *Monday* night. He was placed in the borough lockup on Wednesday evening to await a hearing to-day. This (Thursday) morning it was discovered that some time during the night he had cut his throat with a razor, severing the wind pipe, and was bleeding to death. He was still living at last accounts but cannot recover.

—A posse of farmers headed by Policeman Gilbert, have been scouring the country about Somerset since Sunday noon searching for one Jacob Brown, an ex-convict, who is charged with having assaulted the 11-year-old daughter of William Young, a well-to-do farmer living two miles north of Somerset. Threats of lynching are openly made in case Brown is captured, and one of Mr. Young's sons swears that he will shoot the scoundrel on sight. The child is in a critical condition.

—In another column will be found the advertisement of S. Hamilton, 91 and 93 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg, dealer in all kinds of musical instruments. Mr. Hamilton handles nothing but reliable goods and those contemplating the purchase of a piano, organ, or any kind of a musical instrument, will save time and money by calling on or addressing him and can feel assured that they will get just what they are paying for. Give him a call when in Pittsburg and see his immense stock.

—Mrs. Lucy Snyder, wife of George Snyder, died at her home in Altoona on Monday, April 25th, aged about 22 years. The deceased was a daughter of Mr. Adam Schettig, of Carroll township, and on Tuesday her remains were brought to this place on the 10:10 A. M. train and then taken to the home of her parents. On Wednesday her remains were interred in St. Benedict's cemetery at Carrolltown. Besides a bereaved husband she leaves two small children, the youngest about ten days old, to mourn her death.

—Jerry Pergrin, who, up to three weeks ago was a resident of Jackson township, where he was born and reared, moved to Franklin borough with his wife and eight children and secured work with the floating gang on the railroad. On Saturday while at work near Mineral Point he stepped out of the way of a freight train on the opposite track without noticing Way Passenger, which struck and killed him instantly. His remains were gathered up and taken to the Union cemetery in Jackson township for interment.

—The town of Figart Cambria county, on the Pennsylvania and Northwestern railroad, has, in a short time been transformed from a quiet wayside railroad station to a hustling town. It is but a few years since there were only a few houses, but now it is a lively and prosperous town with good prospects. Recently extensive fire brick works were established there by Messrs. Harbison & Walker, who at present employ over four hundred men, and have completed arrangements to increase their force to over one thousand before the end of June. This with other interests at that point have given the place such a boom that contracts for a great number of houses have been given out.—*Altoona Times.*

—On Monday morning about eight o'clock, the dwelling house on what is known as the John T. Williams farm, in Cambria township, about three miles northwest of Ebensburg, owned by A. W. Buck and occupied by William Makin, was discovered by the members of the family to be on fire, and so speedy was the progress of the flames that but little of their household goods were saved. The fire is supposed to have originated from a defective flue. The only furniture saved was a bureau, an organ and a few chairs, everything else in the house including all the clothing except what the members of the family had on at the time being burned. There was no insurance on either the building or the contents.

—William Dodson, of Cresson, has a calf born last week that has six legs. Four of these legs are in the rear, the animal having double hips. Only two of these rear limbs, however, are used for walking, the others being too short for pedestrian exercise. As if six legs were not enough, the calf has a double tail, and altogether it is one of the oddest specimens of the animal kingdom that was ever sent forth.

—About the first of May the *Times* Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, will publish in book form the recent articles from the pen of Col. A. K. McClure on "Lincoln and Men of War Times." The book will contain about 450 pages in handsome style, good paper and a number of illustrations. It is rich in reminiscences of the times of the war and is a valuable addition to the history of that period. It will be sold only by subscription and agents are wanted in every locality. Agents should address Keeler & Co., 229 South 6th street, Philadelphia, or a copy can be had by remitting the price, $2.00 for cloth-bound or $3.00 for morocco, to the *Times*, Philadelphia.

—Samuel Young, a son of Dr. Robert Young, who some fifty odd years ago, practiced medicine in Ebensburg, was lost in a snow storm in California, some time in December last, his remains having been found several weeks ago. The deceased started to a mine which he and another man owned and worked, on the 19th of December last and was overtaken by a snow storm and perished. He was about 65 years of age. Dr. Young, the father of the deceased while a resident of Ebensburg, enjoyed a large practice and lived in the house now occupied by Mr. William Byrne, in the East ward. He left Ebensburg and settled in Wisconsin in 1841 where he died about 1850.

—The Philadelphia *Stockholder* of last week has the following concerning the railroad interests of Cambria county. "As is well known, the Baltimore and Ohio is one of the closest allies of the Reading. Its policy is in a large measure shaped by the powerful party of capitalists who are supporting the great scheme for the consolidation of the coal roads. In view of this, more than passing interest is attached to the significance of the announcement made yesterday that the Baltimore and Ohio has just concluded an agreement with the Cambria Iron Company by which the Somerset and Cambria branch will be extended from Johnstown, Pa., into the bituminous coal fields in the northern part of Cambria county hitherto controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company."

—Mr. Patrick Bracken, a former well-known citizen of Cambria county, died suddenly in Oil City, Pa., on Wednesday. Mr. Bracken was born in Conemaugh township, this county, and for a number of years resided at the old homestead near Mineral Point. In Old Portage railroad days he was an engineer and in the sixties was prominent in politics, being once or twice a candidate for the nomination for sheriff on the Democratic ticket. When the oil country was developed Mr. Bracken removed to that section of the state where he has resided ever since. During the administration of President Cleveland Mr. Bracken was postmaster at Parker's Landing and served until the election of President Harrison. He spent several months at Gallitzin last winter looking after some coal lands in which he was interested and then returned to Oil City, where he was employed by the Standard Oil Company. He was a brother of Michael and Bernard Bracken, of Gallitzin. He leaves to survive him a wife; one son, Paul, of Burlington, Iowa, and one daughter, Mary, married to George Fleming, of Burlington, Iowa.

She says it will Kill Her.

Mrs. George W. Bruner, mother of Elmer Bruner, who is under sentence of death at Ebensburg for the murder of Farmer Samuel Reese last fall, is lying critically ill in a wretched house on Boyd's Hill, her condition being ascribed by herself to her anxiety for her son. Only about a week remains in which an appeal can be taken to the Supreme Court, and the chances are that it will not be done, the family being unable to raise the funds to pay expenses. Elmer's father has written to about a dozen friends asking help, but has met with poor responses. As the outlook grows darker the young man's mother says she grows weaker, and she believes she will give way with the final act of the tragedy.

"I know as I live that my poor boy did not get justice," said the mother last night. "If we had had $100 we could have taken witnesses to the trial who would have proved an excellent character for him. A medical examination would have shown that he was of unsound mind, but a doctor whom we asked to go wanted $50 for the service and we did not have 500 cents. I believe my boy's story that he killed old Rees in self defense, and the tales about his recklessness and worthlessness are lies. If they hang him they might as well hang me, too, for it will kill me. I can scarcely eat or sleep now for worrying. I fear that reason is giving way."

Mrs. Bruner was much worse yesterday than she had been previously. She is confined to her bed and expresses no hope that she will ever rise from it.—*Pittsburg Times.*

The Parisian Fashion Journals.

"La Mode de Paris" and "Album des Modes," so well-known as the publications giving the choicest Paris styles one month in advance of all other journals, appear to be growing just a little too popular. The demand for them is growing so rapidly that the publishers, A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th Street, New York, have found it difficult to keep up with the increasing demand each month. They claim that the American ladies are now buying their journals to such an extent that most of the news dealers are entirely out of them by the fifth of the month. As all the plates are made in Paris by the best artists, the publishers claim that it requires considerable time to catch up with such an increased demand. We agree with our lady friends that these are superior fashion journals. We suggest to them to become regular subscribers, thus making sure of receiving their journal each month, and securing that valuable book, "Dressmaking Simplified," that is given as a premium to each subscriber paying $3.50 in advance for either "La Mode de Paris" or "Album des Modes" for one year. You may place the order through your news agent, or send direct to the publishers.

Spring Fever.

The gradual opening of the budding trees and the shooting upwards of the blades of grass are signs of the advent of spring. The farmer is already at work stimulating the growth of his crop by fertilizers to insure a rich harvest. Nature needs stimulation and why should not man? The system needs building up after the attacks of grippe and cold, and the only tonic is pure whiskey. Max Klein, of Allegheny, Pa., has the endorsement of eminent physicians, certifying to the purity of his famous Silver Age and Duquesne Rye Whiskies. Sold everywhere at $1.50 and $1.25 per full quart. Six-year-old Penna. Rye Whiskies, absolutely pure, at $1.00 per quart or six quarts for $5.00. Send for catalogue and price list of all kinds of liquors to Max Klein, 82 Federal street, Allegheny, Pa.

For sale by J. & A. E. Bender, Ebensburg, Pa.

Married.

EVANS.—MYERS.—Married at the residence of the brides parents, in Ebensburg, on Wednesday, April 27th, 1892, by Rev. E. M. Bowman, Mr. A. Curtin Evans, of Walls, Allegheny county, Pa., and Miss Effie Myers, daughter of James A. Myers, of Ebensburg.

BOWMAN.—DICK.—Married at the residence of the bride's parents in Ebensburg, Thursday, April 28th, 1892, by Rev. E. Bowman, Mr. John J. Bowman, Grapeville, Pa., and Miss Madge Dick, daughter of T. W. Dick, Esq., of Ebensburg.

School Report.

Report of Ebensburg schools for month ending April 13th, 1892.

Room No. 1.—Number in attendance—boys 37; girls 30; total, 67. Average attendance—boys, 35; girls, 29; total, 64.

Pupils who did not miss a day during term of seven months—Myrtie Gettys, Katie Grey and Edwin Rees.

Pupils who did not miss a day during month—Douglass Snyder, Allen Barker Tommie Evans, John Rees, Edwin Rees, Jesse Verne, Carl Englehart, Harvey Tibbott, Waldo Squires, Harvey Rodgers, Elmer Davis, Willie Craver, Earl Jones, Robert Young Fern Ludwig, Dannie James, Butler Good, Eddie Cassidy, Bennie Luttringer, Bennie Davis, Clinton Bennett, Earl Fickinger, Myrtie Gettys, Ella Tibbott, Blanche Mower, Lida Davison, Mabel Gant, Rosy Crouse, Mildred Eberly, Aggie Connell, Martina Luttringer, Lovell Barker, Fannie Thomas, Gertie Mower, Ettie Crook, Margaret Connell, Annie Berkey, Ruth Squires, Ethel Davis and Katie Grey.

Room No. 2.—Number in attendance—boys, 26; girls, 26; total, 52. Average attendance—boys, 25; girls, 24; total, 49. Class leaders—A class, David Ludwig; B class, Dannie Thomas.

Perfect in attendance during term—David Ludwig, Jesse Evans, Joseph Davis and Emma Craver.

Pupils who did not miss a day during month—Joseph Crouse, David Ludwig, Harry Bennett Frank Borkey, Irvin Good, Harry Heitchue, Dannie Thomas, Walter Apel, John Cole, Willie Endler, Jesse Evans, Walter O'Hara, Charles O'Hara, Joseph Davis, Sibbie Shields, Pearl Kruis, Blanche Gant, Mary Englegant, Mabel Creery, Eveline Parrish, Flora Cole, May Jones, Rosy Langbein, Gracie Gettys, Clara James and Emma Craver.

Room No. 3.—Number in attendance—boys, 22; girls, 24; total, 46. Average attendance boys, 20; girls, 22; total, 42. Class leaders—A class, Alice Weakland; B class, Ethel Shields.

Present every day during term—Ethel Shields and Lizzie Ludwig.

Perfect every day during month—Maggie Tibbott, Minerva Huber, Ada Kirk, Lizzie Ludwig, Lida Ludwig, Mamie Thompson, Ethel Shields, Floy Stiles, Annie Owens, Marie Myers, Nellie Lloyd, Leo Luttringer, Herbie Evans, Elmer Davis, Eddie Davison, Arthur Evans, Clifford Jones, Walter Jones, Willie Berkey and James Gettys.

Room No. 4.—Number in attendance—boys, 19; girls, 17; total, 36. Average attendance—boys, 18; girls, 16; total, 34. Class leaders—A class, E. May Davis; B class, Willie Cole.

Present in attendance during term—Ada Jones, May Davis, Mary McCabe, Annie McBreen and Peter Ludwig.

Perfect in attendance during month—Ada Jones, Maud Shoemaker, Mary Nipple, Mary McCabe, Allie Jones, May Davis, Jennie Dinsmore, Jole Morgan, E. May Davis, Gertie Crouse, Annie McBreen, Jennie Evans, May Leighty, Maud Shinefelt, Charlie Hasson, Butler Roberts, Harry Blair, Charlie Evans, Ollie Davis, Eddie Craver, Peter Ludwig, Wellington Evans, Joe Luttringer, Willie Cole, John Ritter and Willie Leighty.

Room No. 5.—Number in attendance—boys, 11; girls, 11; total, 22. Average attendance—boys, 10; girls, 10; total, 20. Class leaders—Senior class, Julia Connell; A class, Phil Shettig; B class, Monnie Murray and Morgan Evans.

Perfect in attendance during entire term—Blanche Folsom, Ida Craver, Mae Griffith and Minnie Craver.

Perfect in attendance during month—John James, George Thomas, Fred Jones, Phil Shettig, Morgan Evans, Julia Connell, Annie Davison, Blanche Folsom, Mae Griffith, Ida Craver and Minnie Craver.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, April 27, 1892:

Elmer E. Nagle and Maggie L. Gessler, Hastings.

Martin Gates and Rachael Fry, Morrellville.

William J. Prosser and Annie C. McCloskey, No. 6, Blair county.

Andrew Stranka and Mary Mochnoch, Gallitzin.

G. W. Koontz, Walnut Grove, and Susan Lenhart, Moxham.

Hiram Blickenderfer, Blacklick township, and Clara Mills, Ebensburg.

John P. Gohn and Annie R. Horner, Dale.

Herman Walters and Matilda Sigmund, Johnstown.

Michael Koontz and Celia A. Bearer, Susquehanna township.

Morris Nathan and Maggie Fryant, Sohnstown.

Dallas Gordon, Johnstown, and Lottie M. Wayland, Dale.

William Hitzlein and Kunigunda Brown, Johnstown.

John P. Hemmer, Johnstown, and Annie Allice Seeger, Franklin.

James McKillop and Teresa Edelblute, Blair county.

St. John Dehaven, Hastings, and Meriam W. Vanhorn, Mahaffey, Clearfield county.

Ludwig Mahaladez and Nellie Stefany, Johnstown.

William H. Turner and Frances E. Wright, Portage.

Francis Hartzog and Matilda Wasser, Carroll township.

Harry I. Davis and Emma Harshberger, Roxbury.

Mike Kremenjak and Mauda Elizabeth Mandula, Cassandra.

Samuel S. Penrod, South Fork, and Ida B. Custer, Jackson township.

Francis, J. Cooper, Cresson, and Emma E. Little, Chest Springs.

Herman Nelson, Morrellville, and Mary McGovern, Johnstown.

Francis X. Stoltz, Chest township, and Aggie Kerin, Chest Springs.

Carl Matterheck and Aguste Kaseler, Johnstown.

Joseph Jambor and Elizabeth Zambe, Johnstown.

A. Curtain Evans, Wall, Alegheny county, and Effie M. Myers, Ebensburg.

William O. Cense and Maggie S. Kibler, Elder township.

Frederick Jacob Guillarmod and Laura Jeanneret.

John S. Unger, Braddock, and Elizabeth K. Suppes, Johnstown.

George Black and Annie Staska, Croyle township.

Louis Sann and Christina Feick, Johnstown.

Edward M. Yahner, Hastings, and Annie M. Cassidy, Clearfield township.

Miscellaneous Notices.

EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE Works, as sketched by a special reporter of the Johnstown *Daily Herald*.—Reliable dealers and fine goods.

"During a recent flying trip to Ebensburg the writer of this article visited the Marble and Granite Works of Jas. Wilkinson & Son, which were founded in 1880. The senior member of this progressive firm has had an experience of thirty-five years, and his son and partner is also a skilled worker. The class of work they produce is of the highest class and style. From four to five hands are employed and the very finest monuments in the county seat are specimens of their skill. Shipments are made through this and to adjoining counties.

"All kinds of cemetery work is executed and a fine line of Iron Railling is handled and sold. The stock of work kept on hand (received by the car-load) is very extensive and many very fine monuments are exhibited, two especially being executed in the rustic style and in imitation of brickwork, with a finely executed cross on the top. Among the many fine monuments erected by this firm is an eighteen fifteen-feet-high monument for Sheriff Griffith, monument for Father Christy (sixteen feet high), also monuments for Jacob Kibler and daughter of John Griffith. Both gentlemen give personal attention to business as well as executing the finest work. In all the time they have been in business they have adhered strictly to the maxim all goods just as represented and prices as low as the same class of work can be bought elsewhere. We have no hesitancy in recommending Messrs. Wilkinson & Son to ourjreaders as reliable business men, progressive and trustworthy. Visit their establishment before ordering elsewhere."

☞ Special attention paid to setting work.

THE BLIND TO SEE.
On Friday last Prof. J. T. Little, the Oculist Optician, of Pittsburg, gave our people an opportunity to consult him about their eyes. From amongst the number who saw him at Dr. Creery's office, many were given sight in their use ess eyes, whilst others beyond human skill went away sorrowing because of their infirmities and for having abused their eyes beyond tolerance. MAY 18TH is the time set for his next visit. Call on Dr. Creery, dentist, for particulars.

FOR SALE—the Loretto House, Loretto, Pa. Terms easy. For particulars, address
MRS. E. B. M'DONALD,
March 11, 1892. Loretto, Pa.

WANTED!—Furs of all kinds, for which the highest market prices will be paid. Bring them in.
G. L. FREDERICKS,
oct30 Ebensburg, Pa.

A CAR-LOAD of Barb Wire cheap at Dutton & Son's.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
☞ Office in Opera House, Centre street.

GEO. M. READE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.
☞ Office on Centre street, near High.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, Penna., there will be exposed to public sale on the premises of Susan Storm, in the borough of Gallitzin, said county, on

SATURDAY, MAY 21ST, 1892,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, the property of John T. Storm, deceased, to wit:

That certain lot or piece of ground situate in the borough of Gallitzin, county of Cambria, and state of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Lot No. 4, fronting 60 feet on Burns street and extending back the same width one hundred and sixty feet to an alley, said lot being formerly part of the Peter Burns estate.

ALSO—That certain lot or piece of ground in the said borough of Gallitzin, adjoining lot of Arthur Wharton on the east and by lot of —— Rhoddy on the west, and fronting on a fifteen foot alley that extends to Bridge street, having erected a two-story plank

Dwelling House,

a plank Stable and Outhouses.

ALSO—That certain other lot of land situate in the said borough of Gallitzin fronting sixty feet on Jackson street west and extending back to an alley fifteen feet wide east along lot of David H. Berky on the north one hundred and ten feet, and south ninety feet from an alley to Jackson street.

ALSO—The undivided one-half interest in and to a tract of land containing

25 ACRES,

situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post, thence north 63 degrees east 53 perches to a post; thence north 33 degrees west 57 perches to a post; thence north 47 degrees west 40 perches to a post; thence north 54 degrees west 5 perches to a post; thence south 1¾ degrees west 108 perches to the place of beginning, being part of a larger tract of land formerly owned by Michael McGuire. There is about 15 acres of said land cleared and there is erected thereon a two story

PLANK HOUSE

and Outhouses, and a Mill formerly leased to John Sanker and used by him.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of purchase money on confirmation of sale; one third in six months and the balance in one year from the confirmation of sale and to be secured by judgment and exemption notes or bond and mortgage of the purchaser at the option of the administrators.

W. A. B. LITTLE,
A. J. SANKER.
Administrators of the estate of John T. Storm, deceased.
April 22, 1892.

Political Announcements.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
F. J. O'CONNOR,
Johnstown, March 24, 1892.

FOR ASSEMBLY.
To the Democratic Voters of Cambria county:
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the nomination for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
ED. T. M'NEELIS,
First ward, Johnstown.

FOR PROTHONOTARY.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
JAS. C. DARBY,
March 4, 1892. 9th ward, Johnstown, Pa.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
RAPHAEL HITE.
Carroll township, March 1, 1892.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER.
We are authorized to announce that James P. Greene, of the Fifteenth ward, Johnstown, will be a candidate for the nomination of the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER
To the Democratic Voters of Cambria county:
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.
D. A. McGOUGH.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

Spring Styles !

Our Stock is right up to date. In the matter of late styles **WE ARE ALWAYS IN THE FRONT RANK,** displaying all the choicest new novelties as fast as they appear. We keep a thoroughly modern line of goods in all departments, cater to the very best trade, and make it our special pride to be at all times fully stocked with the latest and best.

DRESS GOODS.

We received last week a full line of Dress Cashmeres of the latest patterns.

PRICES

Good Black Cashmere	29 cents per yard.
Good Black Cloth	39 cents per yard.
Good Black Luster	37 cents per yard.

Also a large line of Dress Ginghams, Calico, Muslin, Plain Lawns, Lace, large line of Cambrics.

FURNITURE.

Our stock of Furniture has never been so complete as at present. Come and see, It is for your own interest.

Chamber Suits Complete, 8 Pieces, Cherry and Oak	$20.00
Chamber Suits Complete, 8 Pieces Solid Oak	$25.00.
Spring Rockers, Carpet Seat, trimmed with Fringe	$2.50 to 5.00.

Also a good assortment Extension Tables, Cane bottom Chairs, Small Rockers, Stands, single Bureaus.

The Champion Clothiers,

Simons, are able to knock out all competition in that line. We have practiced the clothing business for the past 18 years. You are sure to get satisfaction in our establishment. We displayed last week over 1,000 pairs finest light weight Pants that means all latest spring shades.

Men's Fine Black Dress Suits, from	$5.50 to $18.00.
Boys' Cassimere Suits, all wool	4.98 to 10.00.
Children's good School Suits	1.12 to 7.50.
Knee Pants, from	18c. to 1.48.

Our stock in the above ready to be examined

DON'T FORGET

Our Mammoth Grocery Department

Which we lately built. It is a Dandy—the largest in Cambria county. We keep it filled up with the best in that line and are ready to give you Bargains.

Good Green Coffee	18c. per pound.
Good Roasted Coffee	20c. per pound.
13 Cans Tomatoes	$1.00.
13 Cans Corn	1.00.
Extra Good Flour	1.25.
Extra Good Flour	1.30.
Extra Good Flour	1.35.
Extra Good Flour	1.40.
Good Lemont Chop	1.25.

We also keep the best stock of Meats and other articles in the line. Don't fail to give us a call. We will save you 25 per cent. on your purchase.

OUR SHOE STOCK is ready for inspection and has never been so large as it is this spring. We carry over 30 different styles of Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes, and we feel sure we can please you. Also, keep a large assortment in Men's, Boys' and Children's Shoes. We quote you prices:

Ladies' fine Douglass Shoes, $1.88 a pair. Ladies' fine Kid Shoes, $1.48. Ladies' fine Kid, with Patent Leather Tips, $1.74. Ladies' Morocco Spring Heel, $1.21 up to $3.00 a pair. Men's good Dress Shoes, $1.00 a pair. Men's Good Dress Shoes, $1.48 a pair. Men's Good Dress Kangaroo Shoes, $2.24 a pair. Men's Brogans, 85c. a pair. Boys' Dress Shoes, 98c. Infant Shoes from 0 to 5, 19c.

Purchasers can't miss it in our large establishment. Therefore, we invite you to come and have a look at the new stock just received for spring. Those who buy early before the usual spring rush begins will have the advantage of selecting from an unbroken assortment of all the new patterns, to be had when desired.

SIMON - & - CO.,
THE LARGEST DEALERS,
GALLITZIN, PENN'A.

YOU WILL LOSE MONEY

If you don't buy your Spring Suit from J. B. WILBER.

OPEN FOR YOUR INSPECTION.

THE LARGEST STOCK AND LOWEST PRICES ON ALL GOODS WE EVER NAMED.

Our Spring Goods:

Shoes—all qualities, styles and sizes.

Hats of all the latest styles and leading brands.

Caps for people who are particular about the "latest."

Furnishing Goods of all kinds in abundance.

Neckwear and Underwear that out-rival anything you see elsewhere.

Umbrellas—all grades, colors and sizes

Rubber Goods and "Fish brand" slickers.

Working Pants, Dress Pants, Over-alls and Jackets.

Slippers for men, women and children.

☞ *THE CHEAPEST 50-CENT SHIRT IN EBENSBURG.*

Give Us a Call.

WE CAN SAVE YOU AT LEAST 10 PERCENT. BY DEALING WITH US.

J. B. WILBER,
EBENSBURG'S CLOTHIER.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE
In the Orphans' Court of Cambria county.
In the matter of the first and partial account of H. T. O'Friel, executor of the last will and testament of Francis O'Friel, late of the borough of Loretto, deceased.

Having been appointed Auditor by said Court to report a distribution of the fund in the hands of the executor, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on **Tuesday, the 17th day of May, 1892,** at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment, when and where all persons interested may attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
DONALD E. DUFTON,
Ebensburg, Pa., April 22, 1892. Auditor.

HOTEL LE GRANDE.
H. J. SHETTIG, PROPRIETOR.
Located at DuBois, Pa., near the B. R. & P. Railway Depot. We always endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Persons in search of comfort and quiet will find it a desirable place to stop. The Table is unsurpassed and is always supplied with the best the market affords, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars and nothing but the best is sold. Special attention given to the care of horses.
H. J. SCHETTIG.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of Bernard McColgan, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of Bernard McColgan, deceased, late of the borough of Wilmore in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
M. D. KITTELL,
Administrator of Bernard McColgan, dec'd.
Ebensburg, Pa., March 25, 1892.6t

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.
Letters of administration in the estate of Charity T. Sharp, late of the township of Allegheny, county of Cambria, deceased, having been granted to us, notice is hereby given to all persons owing said estate to make payment at once, and those and there having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN W. SHARP,
JOSEPH SHARP,
Administrators of Charity Sharp, deceased.
Loretto, Pa., April 1, 1892.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Letters of Administration on the estate of Anastasia Hewitt, late of Washington township in Cambria county, deceased, having been granted to me, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment without delay and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement
JOHN R. KELLY,
Administrator of Anastasia Hewitt, deceased.
Lilly, Pa., April 2nd, 1892.

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Armory Building, opp. Court House.

AUDITORS' SETTLEMENT with the Supervisors of Washington township for the year 1891.

GEORGE SEBOLD, DR.	
To amount of duplicate	$405 87
To amount license fund	210 93
To balance from last settlement	13 71
	$630 51
CR.	
By Auditors' exonerations	$ 11 79
By amount returned to Commissioners	11 46
By amount horse hire	67 40
By amount worked out by taxables	324 01
By commission on cash collected—$140.68, at 5 per cent	7 03
By orders redeemed	32 45
By cash paid for work	142 85
By cash paid for lumber	16 04
By 90½ days' services at supervisor at $1.50 per day	135 74
By trip to Ebensburg	2 00
By oath of office	25
	$651 13
Balance due supervisor	20 62
JOSEPH BOYLAN, DR.	
To amount duplicate	$1430 47
To amount license money	180 94
	$1611 41
CR.	
By Auditors' exonerations	12 00
By amount returned to Commissioners	20 13
By amount horse hire	49 22
By amount worked out by taxables	115 37
By commission on cash collected—$1,238.89 at 5 per cent	61 94
By orders redeemed	171 67
By cash paid for work	622 87
By cash paid for lumber	7 25
By 140 days as supervisor at $1.50 per day	210 00
By professional service	63 99
By tools and sharpening	13 85
By expenses to Ebensburg	4 54
By oath of office	25
Balance due township	258 83
	$1611 41
Liabilities, as per order book	$553 14
Assets, due by Joseph Boyland	258 83
Liabilities in excess of assets	$294 31

We, the undersigned auditors of Washington township have examined the above accounts and find them as stated.
R. C. MYERS,
A. J. SANKER,
F. P. MOYER,
Auditors.
GEO. J. SCHWADERER, Tp. Clerk.
March 31, 1892.

A Matter of Great Importance to You.

If suffering from long standing Chronic Diseases, Diseases of the Blood, Skin, and Nervous System, as well as those suffering from

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT TROUBLE.

J. J. McClellan, M. D. Specialist.

H. M. TAYLOR, M. D., Specialist.

Examination and Consultation Free to Everybody.

CHRONIC DISEASES OF EYES.

Such as Granulated Lids, Chronic Inflammation of the Lids, of the Iris, of the Choroid, of the Retina, Chronic Ulcerations, Spasms of the Lids and Eye, Tears running of the cheeks, Day and Night Blindness, Purulent or Mattering Sore Eyes, Gonorrheal Ophthalmia, Symphilitic Ophthalmia, Red Blotches or Brown ones on the Ball, White Spots on Eye, Glaucomia or Cupping of the Nerve, Amaurosis, Falling out of the Lashes, Sores, Redness of Edges of Lids and Eyes, and all other diseases to which the eye or its appendages are liable, positive and rapid cure guaranteed.

A WORD ABOUT CATARRH.

It is the mucus membrane, that wonderful semi-fluid envelope surrounding the delicate tissues of the air and food passages, that Catarrh makes its stronghold. Once established it eats into the vitals and renders a life a long drawn breath of misery and disease, dulling the sense of hearing, trammeling the power of speech, destroying the faculty of smell, tainting the breath and killing the refined pleasures of taste. Insidiously, by creeping on from a simple cold in the head, it assaults the membraneous lining and and envelopes the bones, eating the delicate coats and causing inflammation, sloughing and death. Nothing short of total eradication will secure health to the patient, and all alleviatives are simply procrastinated sufferings, leading to a fatal termination. Even when the disease has made frightful inroads on delicate constitutions, hearing, smell and taste have been recovered and the disease thoroughly driven out.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

The doctors treat no acute diseases but make an entire specialty of chronic and long standing diseases. Cases given up by other doctors and pronounced incurable, they most desire to see. The doctors have treated over over 15,000 cases in Ohio in the last twelve years, many of which had been given up as incurable, some to be blind, others to be deaf, and a large number to be invalids for life. But behold! now they see and hear, and many are started on the right road to health and recovery every day.

The doctors are surrounded with the largest collection of fine instruments ever imported to this country for examining and treating all chronic diseases of the Head, Face, Eye, Ear, Throat, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Liver Kidney, Bladder, Skin, Brain, and Nervous System, Cancers, Tumors, Piles, Swellings, Old Sores, Fits, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Gout, Sick Headache, Debility, Depression of Spirits, Diseases of Children, Hereditary Diseases, etc., etc., and in fact all long standing and Chronic Diseases.

RECTAL DISEASES.

They also make a specialty of all form of Rectal Diseases, Piles—internal and external, itching and bleeding rectal ulcers, fissures, fistula—which are often taken for Cancers and Lung Diseases, all cured if taken in time. Remember we cure all forms of Piles without pain, detention or interuption from business, and without the use of a knife, caustic, ligature, or injection. Come and be convinced. Dr. McClellan made these diseases a specialty for ten years in a large city.

Diseases of women, such as have baffled the skill of all physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancers, tumors, fibroid and polypoid growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting, no pain, no danger.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG, PA.

	April	May	June	July	August
Wednesday,	20	18	15	13	10
Thursday,	21	19	16	14	11

WINDSOR HOTEL, JOHNSTOWN.

	April	May	June	July	August
Monday,	18	16	13	11	8
Tuesday,	19	17	14	12	9

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the **16th day of May, 1892,** by A. W. Buck, Thomas Davis, Thomas McBreen, John L. Stough and J. G. Lloyd, under the Act of Assembly approved April 29, 1874, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," and the supplements thereto for the charter of an intended corporation to be called The Ebensburg Building & Loan Association of Ebensburg, Pennsylvania, the character and object of which are the accumulation of a fund by the monthly contributions of its members thereof, and to loan the same from time to time to enable them to purchase real estate build themselves houses, or engage in any legitimate business, and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, benefits, and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.
M. D. KITTELL.
Ebensburg, Pa., April 22, 1892.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.
In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county.
In the matter of the first and final account of E. H. Flick, assignee of M. F. McDonald.

Having been appointed Auditor by said Court to decide on exceptions filed to said account and to report a distribution of the fund in the hands of said accountant, notice is hereby given that I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg on **Thursday, the 19th day of May, 1892,** at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment when and where all persons interested may attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
DONALD E. DUFTON,
Ebensbug, Pa., April 22, 1892. Auditor.

BONANZA to AGENTS SAMPLES FREE both sexes. Write now GEO. A. SCOTT, New York City

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A.
☞ Special attention given to claims for Pension Bounty, etc.
ch1-'8-9.

NITRO-GLYCERINE HEADACHE.

What Causes It and the General Effects of a Single Whiff of Nitro.

"A nitro-glycerine headache will make a man about as uncomfortable under his hat as anything I know of," said an oil producer from Bradford, Pa., to a group of men who were discussing the sensational attempts upon Russell Sage's life, among whom was a Philadelphia Record man. "A single whiff from a can of the explosive will make a man imagine he is just getting over the effects of a night with the boys. Nitro-glycerine, as you may know, is utilized very extensively in the oil country for shooting oil wells. Hundreds of tons of the explosive are used every year, and the men who manufacture it and torpedo wells would make a small army if they were all turned loose together. The business they follow, too, is about as dangerous as the military business in war times, for not a year passes that a dozen or more shooters, as the men who torpedo the wells are called, do not get blown up. Nitro-glycerine goes off at a very slight shock, or at contact with fire, and in the oil country the man who handles glycerine is looked upon as an unfortunate being with one foot in the grave. The chances are ten to one that if he sticks to the business long enough he will be blown up.

"A nitro-glycerine headache is caused by the smell of the nitric and sulphuric acids which are used in making the explosive. Sweet glycerine oil, as everyone knows, is a very harmless liquid, but when subjected to the action of the two acids named the resulting milk-like fluid is the most deadly explosive agent known. Men who make nitro-glycerine are at first subject to these terrible headaches, but after a few days in the factory they become acclimated to the smell, if such an expression be permissible. But if they knock off work for a day or two they are compelled to undergo the acclimating experience again.

"A single drop of nitro-glycerine exploded upon an anvil with a sledge-hammer would probably blow the hammer thirty feet in the air. I know of a blacksmith who was repairing a nitro-glycerine wagon in the oil country one day, when there was a loud explosion and the wagon was literally taken all apart and scattered about his shop. A few drops of glycerine had leaked from the cans and lodged in the framework of the wagon. Strange to relate, the blacksmith escaped injury, but he at once hung up in his window a little card upon which was written in a sledge-hammer hand: 'No nitro-glycerine wagons need apply.'

"One day in the Titusville oil field a nitro-glycerine manufacturer was standing in front of a hotel, absent-mindedly kicking the flagstone walk, when there was a report about as loud as the snap of a cap. The man flew up in the air about a foot and let out a yell that was heard a block away. When he got back on terra firma again and looked at his feet the shoe was torn all to pieces. In working about his glycerine manufactory he had evidently saturated his shoe with a few drops of the explosive, which were set off by the stamping of his foot."

OVER-STIMULATED BRAINS.

Effect of the Hot-house Forcing Atmosphere of Paris.

There is something in the social atmosphere of Paris that is apt to keep the nervous system in a state of high tension, says a London journal. It is not easy to say what this is due to—whether it depends upon climate, conventional habits, or permanent elements of character which affect the mass; but few people have stayed in Paris a little while without having felt it. It produces a feverishness of mind that most [illegible] distressing if not intolerable. Women are probably not more liable to it than men; but, their nerves being weaker, they have less power of resistance.

The nervousness of Paris society has been a fortune to the doctors of late years. In their case it cannot be said that literary work has done the mischief. Writing has really very little to do with the increasing demand for medical baths. If authors and journalists living in Paris are more liable than other people to fall into that restless, anxious and depressed state which is the sign of an unhealthy or tired brain, and which, unless arrested in time, leads to nervous disease, that renders life a burden and may end in insanity, it is not to be referred so much to the actual work that they manage to get through as to the continual excitement in which they too often live.

There is so much temptation in Paris to rush about and to talk, and the work that has to be done is put off until the faculties are jaded, and need to be whipped up to their task with strong coffee or some other stimulant. Then the effect of the stimulant, and the excitement of nervous exhaustion has to be corrected by a sedative such as bromide of potassium, and more frequently by the narcotic chloral or some other preparation of the soothing but deadly poppy. The over-excited who do not have recourse to calming drugs suffer all the tortures of insomnia, and these must be abated at any cost.

The doctors prescribe complete repose and mountain air. But the fact is that the majority of jaded writers are unable to follow the doctor's advice, and among those who can there are few who will make up their minds to do it until they feel that the coiling serpent is crushing them. The successful author is especially a difficult person to deal with. The more his nerves are excited, the more he feels capable of astonishing the world with his power, the more he goes on producing books.

THE MAKERS OF BOOKS.

Rudyard Kipling is engaged to be married to the sister of Wolcott Balestier, the young American novelist, who died at Dresden recently.

Æsop, whose fables have been read for more than 2,000 years, was born 620 years before Christ. He was a slave in the island of Samos, Greece.

Alphonso Daudet is quite feeble and has nearly lost his eyesight. His devoted wife is working at his dictation at a novel called "La Doulon."

Mrs. Emma D. E. N. Southworth will turn aside from fiction this year to write "A Child's Life of Our Saviour," a work which, as the author says, "has lain near my heart for many years."

Gen. Lew Wallace has received more than $160,000 in royalties for the sale of "Ben Hur." Fully 470,000 copies of the famous novel have been disposed of at $1.50 each, of which the author's royalty is 15 per cent.

He Holds the Keys.

A curious ceremony of the Orthodox Russian church is noted in connection with the funeral of the late Grand Duchess Paul of Russia. Before the closing of the coffin the metropolitan placed in the right hand of the corpse a document which read as follows: "We, by the grace of God prelate of the holy Russian church, write this to our master and friend, St. Peter, the gatekeeper of the Lord Almighty. We announce to you that the servant of the Lord, her imperial highness, the Grand Duchess Paul, has finished her life on earth and we order you to admit her into the Kingdom of Heaven without delay, for we absolved all her sins and granted her salvation. You will obey our order on sight of this document, which we put into her hand."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

a woman's remedy for woman's diseases, has stood the test of many years, and is to-day the only successful and harmless cure for all those peculiar weaknesses and

Diseases of Women,

organic diseases of the uterus or womb, inflammation, ovarian troubles, falling or displacement of the womb, faintness, nervous prostration, weak back, aches, etc.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. Liver Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

Would Rather Be Without Bread. XI

BISHOP'S RESIDENCE, Marquette, Mich., Nov. 7, 1889.

The Rev. J. Kossbiel, of above place, writes: I have suffered a great deal, and whenever I now feel a nervous attack coming I take a dose of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic and feel relieved. I think a great deal of it and would rather be without bread than without the Tonic.

Better Than the Best Doctor.

MAHONEY CITY, Pa., December, 1890.

I deem it my duty to say that I was treated for ten years by the best doctors in Pennsylvania, but never got any relief until I took Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic. I am cured of my nervous troubles; have never had the slightest symptoms of those spells since I commenced taking the first bottle.

MRS. SARAH McGUIRE.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876 and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

1,300 BUSHELS OF POTATOES

G. W. Bramble, Fair Lea, Kent Co., Md., says:

With 900 pounds of **Powell's Green Bag Fertilizer for Potatoes,** on 1½ acres of land, he raised 1,300 bushels smooth, good sized potatoes. When quantity of Fertilizer and quality of land is considered, this is largest crop of potatoes ever raised in the world. Why not raise big crops of potatoes? We can tell you how to do it, and how to prevent **Potato Rot and Blight.** Send 5 two-cent stamps for Book of 128 pages.

W. S. Powell & Co.,
Chemical Fertilizer Manufacturers,
Baltimore, Md.

MILLERS WALL PAPER — **IT WILL PAY.**

Get the best wall paper for the least money. Send 10 cents (deducted from first order) for our NEW LINE of samples.

Fine gold papers 5, 8, 10, 12½c. 9 inch solid gold embossed borders 2c. per yard.

See our 25, 35 and 75c. parlor papers.

Pressed paper from $1.00 to $2.50.

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Mountain House

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG.

THIS well known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty. Ladies waited on at their residences.

JAMES H. GANT,
Proprietor.

BLOODED STOCK SALE!

I will offer at my residence at Rebecca Furnace, three miles west of Martinsburg, Pa., on **Wednesday, May 11th, 1892,** the following Blooded Stock:

Trotting-Bred Stallions.

Brood Mares, in foal to Standard-Bred Stallion, Harmonics, 10,294.

Trotting-Bred Roadsters, Colts and Fillies.

Also, a lot of Jersey Cows—grades.

Sale to commence at one o'clock. A reasonable credit will be given.

EDWARD H. LYTLE.

March 18, 1892.

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Our Office is Opposite U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

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Band Instruments, Snare and Bass Drums,

Fifes, Piccolos, Clarinets, Cymbals and all Instruments pertaining to Brass Bands and Drum Corps.

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MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,

Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Accordeons, Harmonicas, &c., all kinds of Strings, etc., etc.

DO you need Job Printing? If so, give the FREEMAN a trial order.

PECULIAR EYES.

Curious Affliction of an English Gentleman Described by Himself.

I labor under the peculiar inconvenience of having a right eye of normal power and a short-sighted left eye, says James Shaw, in Nature. The numerals on the face of a clock five-eighths of an inch high are visible to the right eye at twelve feet distant, but in order to discern them as clearly with my left eye I require to bring that organ of vision as near to the figures as eight inches. On looking at my gold chain hanging on my breast in daylight and with both eyes, the chain, colored yellow and toward the left, is perceived by the right eye, while a steely-blue chain, another, yet the same, is perceived about an inch to the right and a little higher up. By artificial light the same phenomenon presents itself, but the difference of color is not so apparent; the yellow to the right is only dimmer. Again, when a page of Nature is being read with the short-sighted eye there appears, about an inch to the left, part of the same column, small, and the black, under artificial light, like weak purple. The right-hand side of this ghost-like column is lost to the right eye, being commingled with the larger, darker letters seen by the short-sighted left, which cover it like the more recent writing on a palimpsest. Middle life was reached before the discovery was made. These experiences must be gone through with intent, for objects generally being perceived altogether with the right eye, all that the left seems good for is to supply a little more light. The perception of the difference of color is as good with the one eye as with the other, and the short-sighted eye can read smaller type.

As the inferior animals, so far as I know, have no habit of peeping or looking with one eye shut and the other opened, it occurred to me that this ability might be a limited one. I tried the experiment with school children, and to my surprise found that a few were quite unable to keep one eye shut and the other open at the same time, and a few did it with an effort, making in all about a fourth of the number. Adults were likewise under similar limits, but to a less extent. This may be the reason why the discovery of inequality of vision, as Sir John Herschel remarks, is often made late in life. Indeed, he mentions an elderly person who made the unpleasant discovery that he was altogether blind of an eye.

FREAKS OF HUMAN NATURE.

Some of Them Which Physicians Have an Opportunity to See.

"We doctors have a much better opportunity than most people for studying human nature," said a Washington physician to a Washington Star reporter the other day. "Most patients do not consider it necessary to put on airs before their medical attendants. One thing that has often struck me is the disregard which young folks generally have for the old. I don't mean that they are not courteous to them, for courtesy to one's elders is a matter of ordinary education; but when it comes to really caring for them they are lacking as a rule.

"One is shocked to read of the manner in which savage tribes all over the world leave the old people to die neglected, even depriving them of shelter because they are no longer useful. Even in civilized countries the same thing is often done. Go to Savoy and you find that the aged and infirm are put out to beg on the public highways. It is commonly said that the love of the child for the parent is much less strong, even among the most enlightened peoples, than the affection of the parent for the child. There is a reason for this, which philosophers find in a natural law. The love of the parent for the child is necessary to the perpetuation of the race, for which nature makes provision beyond all things else; but, on the other hand, there is no such reason of necessity for care taking on the part of the child in behalf of the parent.

"So I am not surprised to find in my practice ever so many instances where old people are neglected by their children, who are apt to regard them as a burden, considering often that they would be very much better out of the world and way. Another thing even more remarkable that I notice is that conjugal affection is very apt not to survive long illnesses. If the wife is an invalid the husband ofttimes becomes indifferent to her after awhile. Or, if the husband is sickly, the wife finds it burdensome. In either case the well partner to the matrimonial bargain becomes, though unconsciously, resentful of the invalidism of the other, and in many cases seeks distractions outside of the home."

A CLOSE SHAVE.

Three British Lads Who Were Caught by the Tide.

Mr. F. H. Grundy, an Englishman, who afterwards had plenty of adventures at home and abroad, tells us how near he came to missing them all. He was a small boy, and, with his brother and another mate, was playing upon the seashore. They were on a sandbank, and knew that the incoming tide would fill the lower levels behind them before the bank itself would be covered.

We knew, but heeded not. We heard distant shouts, but did not turn. Between the ever rising water and the dam of sand the battle waged. Something startled us—we looked round—lo! a great sea shut us off from the main land!

A crowd upon the farther side was shouting at us. My two sisters stood at the water's edge, fast becoming desperate. A mounted man, far away, galloped furiously toward us over the sands.

My brother, with that presence of mind in danger which makes each Englishman a hero, started off at once by himself, and was soon far ahead. Tom Royle, my senior by three years, with the brave hot blood of a Welsh gentleman, dashed after him. I, with the sight of these gallant actions before me, cried and followed. I saw my brother, the water to his waist, cross safely.

Tom Royle jumped in with a run and disappeared; he had fallen, but was out again directly. I passed him meanwhile, and was in the water.

How far it looked to safety! The water rose to my neck—I swayed to and fro—but that I held on to my spade, I must have gone over.

Surely I am in the middle now—I cannot stand much longer or any deeper. I am lost! No! I see my jacket button. The horseman dashes up to me and stoops to lift me; I wave him on, saying: "I am safe; go to Tom!"

Another step or two and I am out. The horseman brought Tom Royle over, but it was a close thing.—Youth's Companion.

Chinese Justice for Rebels.

The Chinese government has adopted extreme measures in order to convince foreign powers that the government is in earnest in its efforts to protect foreigners. A decree has been issued making the printing and publishing of anti-foreign placards a capital offense, and it has been given ex-post facto effect. Those already under arrest are to be beheaded at once as a warning to others. In the ordinary course of events their execution might be delayed two months, but the government will not suffer the law's delay, small though it may be, to interfere with its demonstration of sincerity. Whether western nations will be pleased by an exhibition of zeal which outrages their principles of justice remains to be seen.

CARL RIVINIUS,

PRACTICAL

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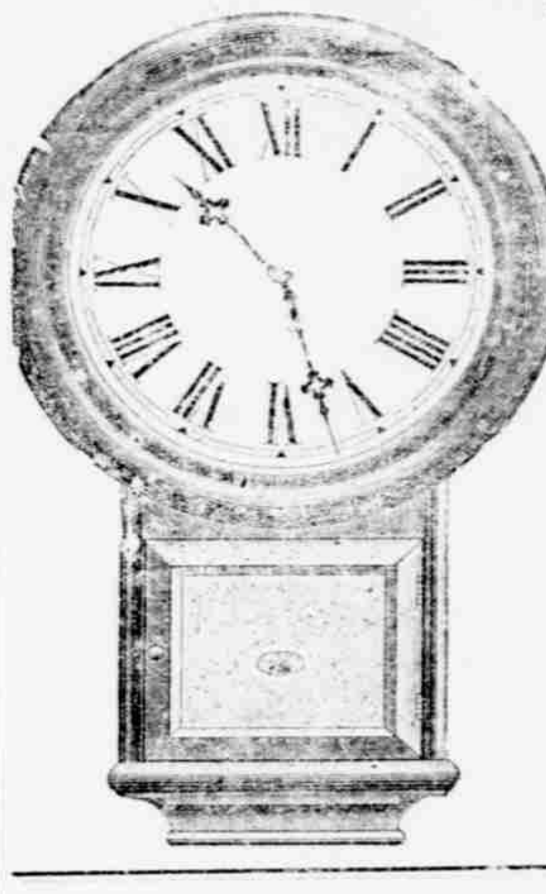

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Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. **50c**

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Mattresses, &c.,

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ALTOONA, PENN'A

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

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F. X. FEES'

Shaving Parlor,

Centre Street, Near Jail.

The undersigned desires to inform the public that he has opened a shaving parlor on Centre street, near the jail, where the barbering business will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean. Your patronage solicited.

F. X. FEES.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE NO. 1 OF THE Cresson, Clearfield County and New York Short Route Railroad. In effect on and after November 15th 1891.

	NORTH. Irvona Exp.†	NORTH. Church Train†	NORTH. Fast Line*	NORTH. Mail*	STATIONS.	Dist.	SOUTH. Pacific Exp*	SOUTH. Mail*	SOUTH. Church Train†	SOUTH. Cresson Exp.†
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Cresson	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wildwood †	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Dawson †	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Amsbry	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ashville	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Millside †	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Dysart	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Condron †	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
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	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Frugality	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Van Ormer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Fallen Timber	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Flynn City	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Coalport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Rosebud †	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Irvona	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Leave daily except Sunday.
†Leave Sunday only.
Black letters indicate telegraph stations.

Denny's, Moore's and Cristie's Crossings will be flag stations for all trains.

No. 1 connects at Cresson with Johnstown Express at 8 27 for points between Cresson and Johnstown, and with Pacific Express at 8 45 for points west of Johnstown. Also with Mail Train at 9 23 for points east of Cresson.

No. 5 connects with Mail Train at 4 26 for points West of Cresson, and Mail Express for points east of Cresson.

From points west of Cresson No. 4 connects with Mail train at 9 23, and from points east of Cresson with Johnstown Express at 8 27, and Pacific Express at 8 45.

No. 6 connects with Mail Train at 4 26 from points east of Cresson, and Mail Express at 5 17 from points west of Cresson.

Sunday trains connect with Pacific Express and Mail Train west and mail Express east.

Passengers to or from points on Pennsylvania & Northwestern Railroad can take train at Coalport or Irvona.

Stations marked "f" are flag stations. Passengers wishing to get off will notify the conductor. Passengers wishing to get on will flag the train at these stations. Trains will not stop unless so notified.

W. P. RATHBUN,
General Manager and Superintendent.
F. J. BURGOON, Train Master.

HE Missed his Opportunity! DON'T Miss Yours, Reader. The majority neglect their opportunities, and from that cause live in poverty and die in obscurity! Harrowing despair is the lot of many, as they look back on lost, forever lost, opportunity. **Life is passing! Reach out. Be up and doing.** Improve your opportunity, and secure prosperity, prominence, peace. It was said by a philosopher, that "the Goddess of Fortune offers a **golden** opportunity to each person at some period of life; embrace the chance, and she pours out her riches; fail to do so and she departs, never to return." How shall you find the **golden** opportunity? Investigate every chance that appears worthy, and of fair promise; that is what all successful men do. Here is an opportunity, such as is not often within the reach of laboring people. Improved, it will give, at least, a grand start in life. The **golden** opportunity for many is here. **Money** to be made rapidly and honorably by any industrious person of either sex. All ages. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from **$5 to $10** per day. You can do as well if you will work, not too hard, but industriously; and you can increase your income as you go on. You can give spare time only, or all your time to the work. **Easy** to learn. Capital not required. We start you. All is comparatively new and really wonderful. We instruct and show you how, **free.** Failure unknown among our workers. No room to explain here. Write and learn all **free,** by return mail. Unwise to delay. Address at once, **H. Hallett & Co., Box 880, Portland, Maine.**

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CANCER and Tumors CURED—no knife—book free. Drs. Gratigny & Bush, No. 163 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

HUMORS OF CHINATOWN.

Amusing Things Seen Among the Celestials in America.

"Chinatown as a spectacle is disappointing," says Mr. Riis, in his "Studies Among the Tenements of New York." But he found some things therein to tickle his sense of humor, and other things at which he laughed that he might not weep. One evening while going through Mott street—the Chinese quarter—he heard a woman shrieking in a cellar. Descending with his companion, a policeman, he discovered a Chinaman beating his white "wife" with a broom handle.

"She velly bad," shouted the Chinaman, as the two Americans, prejudiced against wife beating, caught hold of his arms and released the woman.

"S'pose your wife bad, you no lickee her?" he asked, turning fiercely upon Mr. Riis.

"No, I wouldn't. I'd never think of striking a woman," answered the American.

The amazed Chinaman eyed him in silence for a moment and then contemptuously answered:

"Then I guess she lickee you."

Going into a joss house he discovered among the Chinese symbols on the walls the inscription in English letters "In God We Trust." It had been copied from the trade dollar, and the priest explained that the inscription was a delicate compliment to "Melican Joss," the almighty dollar.

On his own ground John Chinaman may be a thousand years behind the age, but here he has been so [illegible] by the "Melican Joss" that he is [illegible] of the age in his scheming to "make it pay." He turns everything he [illegible] down into cash, or that which cash buys.

NEWSPAPER RECIPES.

They Are Carefully Preserved by Many People.

There is one thing that the majority of men are addicted to in time of sudden or prevalent disease, says the Chicago Tribune. That is to cut from their newspaper recipes which are printed for whatever the prevalent disease may be. Just now it is the grip. If you have occasion to ask the average man for anything which causes him to unload his pockets, and you notice carefully, you will discover that he has several recipes for the grip. I have had several instances of this kind apparent to me. Men you would never suspect of being afraid of sickness of any kind. A clergyman was at the house of one of his members the other day on business. He left his hat where it became the plaything of a little child and the curiosity of the youngster caused it to tear the sweatband of the hat, and in doing so an extract from a newspaper tumbled out. The child's mother [illegible] it before the minister could recover what had been done, and as she did so she noticed that it was a newspaper prescription for the grip. There is no reason why a minister should not be prepared to doctor himself on short notice the same as other mortals, but as a rule they do not admit that they have any such concern. I was talking to a judge of the superior court one day this week and he had occasion to pull from his pocket a lot of papers. I saw that one was a newspaper clipping on the quickest way to cure the grip.

INSECTIVOROUS PLANTS.

They Do Not Thrive on a Purely Vegetable Diet.

Mr. Francis Darwin, the son of the great naturalist, has been investigating the effect on insectivorous plants of supplying them with, and withholding from them, animal food. He grew two lots of plants under similar conditions. One lot he fed with roast meat, one-fiftieth of a grain being placed on the secreting glands, while from the other all such material was carefully excluded. The results, says the Spectator, were most marked in the number and weight of the seeds. The number of seeds produced by the fed plants was two hundred and forty to one hundred of the unfed ones, while the total weight of the seeds was three hundred and eighty to one hundred. In other words, the plants which were restricted to a vegetarian diet were invalids compared with the plants furnished with animal food.

Should not that do something toward convincing the vegetarians that their doctrine does not make for health? It is difficult to suppose that if there are even some vegetables which do not flourish on a vegetable diet there can be anything against nature in supplying animals provided with all the instincts and organs which appear to point to a carnivorous diet with a considerable proportion of animal food. And we suppose that the heavier seed would imply also the more fertile seed. At least it is so with wheat, where the the heavier the grain the more abundant is its fertility.

No Clocks in Liberia.

Explorer Buttikoffer says that a clock is rarely seen in the farm houses of Liberia, and many of the town people have no time pieces. He adds that there are few civilized countries where a timepiece can be dispensed with so conveniently. The sun rises at six a. m. and sets at six p. m. almost to the minute throughout the year, and at noon it is directly overhead. Many of the people become so expert in telling time by the sun that they are rarely more than a quarter of an hour in error. In place of alarm clocks they depend upon the crowing cock to arouse them in the morning.

CALCULATED TO CHEER.

"I looks like a tramp, ma'am," he said, "but I ain't. I'm a sailor, ma'am. I was wrecked and washed ashore." "You ain't been washed since, I'll wager," said the unsympathetic woman.—Epoch.

Perfectly Fair.—Miss Van Wrinkle—"What! Six hundred dollars for that antique? Why, that's just twice as much as you asked for it a month ago." Salesman—"But, madam, it's just twice as old as it was then."—N. Y. Sun.

"I have saved you from drowning," said the gallant rescuer. "As a reward I ask your hand." "Oh! give me time to think, George." "How long, how long?" "At least till I get dry."—Philadelphia Times.

"So they sent your poem back?" "Yes, but the editor gave me a very favorable criticism." "What did he say?" "He said he was glad to see that I had at last learned to write only on one side of the paper."—Washington Star.

"Sally, what would your father like to have me give him for a Christmas present?" "Well, James, he was saying this morning at the breakfast table that his gas bill receipted for the last quarter would please him more than anything else in the world, except our marriage."—Boston Gazette.

Opium in India.

A missionary in Bengal has been doing the opium dens in the town of Rampore Bauacah. Most of the smokers he saw belonged to the laboring classes. With one accord the smokers told him that the drug dried up their bodies and that their craving for it was such that they could not give it up. Many of the dens have a hundred patrons a day. The missionary says opium-smoking in India is bringing ruin and degradation upon innumerable families, and he accuses the British government of fostering this demoralizing habit.

R. L. JOHNSTON. M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK

ESTABLISHED 1872.

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A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

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